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Road Blasters Operators Manual with Illustrated Parts Lists

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Notice Regarding Non-ATARI® Parts

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WARNING

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Use of non-ATARI parts or modifications of any ATARI game circuitry may adversely affect the safety of your game, and may cause injury to you and your players.

You may void the game warranty (printed on the inside back cover of this manual) if you do any of the following:

- Substitute non-ATARI parts in the game.
- Modify or alter any circuits in the game by using kits or parts *not* supplied by Atari Games Corporation.

NOTE

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area or modification to this equipment is likely to cause interference in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference. If you suspect interference from an ATARI[®] game at your location, check the following:

- All ground wires in the game are properly connected as shown in the game wiring diagram.
- The power cord is properly plugged into a grounded three-wire outlet.
- On games provided with an Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) ground plane, be sure the game printed-circuit boards (PCBs) are properly installed on the EMI Ground Plane. If you are still unable to solve the interference problem, please contact Customer Service at Atari Games Corporation. See the inside front cover of this manual for service in your area.

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Road Blasters Coin Information and Game Statistics Sheet

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Safety Summary

The following safety precautions apply to all game operators and service personnel. Specific warnings and cautions will be found throughout this manual where they apply.

WARNING

Properly Ground the Game. Players may receive an electrical shock if this game is not properly grounded! To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the game until it has been inspected and properly grounded. This game should only be plugged into a grounded three-wire outlet. If you have only a 2-wire outlet, we recommend you hire a licensed electrician to install a grounded outlet. Players may receive an electrical shock if the control panel is not properly grounded! After servicing any parts on the control panel, check that the grounding wire is firmly secured to the inside of the control panel. Only then should you lock up the game.

AC Power Connection. Before connecting the game to the AC power source, verify that the game's power supply is properly configured for the line voltage in your location.

Disconnect Power During Repairs. To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the game from the AC power source before removing or repairing any part of the game. When removing or repairing the video display, extra precautions must be taken to avoid electical shock because high voltages may exist within the display circuitry and cathode-ray tube (CRT) even after power has been disconnected. Do not touch internal parts of the display with your hands or with metal objects! Always discharge the high voltage from the CRT before servicing this area of the game. To discharge the CRT: Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap. Wait two minutes and discharge the anode again.

Use Only ATARI Parts. To maintain the safety integrity of your ATARI game, do not use non-ATARI parts when repairing the game. Use of non-ATARI parts or other modifications to the game circuitry may adversely affect the safety of your game, and injure you or your players.

Handle the CRT With Care. If you drop the CRT and it breaks, it may implode! Shattered glass can fly six feet or more from the implosion.

Use the Proper Fuses. To avoid electrical shock, use replacement fuses which are specified in the parts list for this game. Replacement fuses must match those replaced in fuse type, voltage rating, and current rating. In addition, the fuse cover must be in place during game operation.

CAUTION

Properly Attach All Connectors. Make sure that the connectors on each printed-circuit board (PCB) are properly plugged in. Note that they are keyed to fit only one way. If they do not slip on easily, do not force them. A reversed connector may damage your game and void the warranty.

Ensure the Proper AC Line Frequency. Video games manufactured for operation on 60 Hz line power (i.e., United States) must not be operated in countries with 50 Hz line power (i.e., Europe). The fluorescent light ballast transformer will overheat, causing a potential fire hazard if 60 Hz games are operated on power lines using 50 Hz. Check the product identification label of your game for the line frequency required.

ABOUT NOTES, CAUTIONS, AND WARNINGS

In all Atari publications, notes, cautions, and warnings have the following meaning:

NOTE—A highlighted piece of information.

CAUTION—Equipment and/or parts can be damaged or destroyed if instructions are not followed. You will void the warranty on Atari printed-circuit boards, parts thereon, and video displays if equipment or parts are damaged or destroyed due to failure of following instructions.

WARNING—Players and/or technicians can be injured or killed if instructions are not followed. (The word *WARNING* is always surrounded by international warning symbols—triangles with exclamation marks inside of them.)

Chapter 1



How to Use This Manual

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This manual is written for game operators and service personnel, and provides information for setting up, playing, testing, and maintaining your Road Blasters[™] game.

The manual is divided into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1 contains set-up and game play information.
- Chapter 2 contains self-test procedures.
- Chapter 3 contains preventive and corrective maintenance procedures.
- Chapter 4 contains troubleshooting information.
- Chapter 5 contains illustrated parts lists.

Wiring and schematic diagrams for the Road Blasters game circuitry are contained in the *Schematic Package Supplement* (SP-299) included with your game.

This chapter includes information required to set up and play your Road Blasters game. Carefully read the information in this chapter before applying power to the game.



To avoid electrical shock, do not plug in the cabinet until it has been properly inspected and set up for the line voltage in your area.

This cabinet should only be connected to a grounded three-wire outlet. If you have only a two-wire outlet, we recommend that you hire a licensed electrician to install a grounded outlet. Players can receive an electrical shock if the cabinet is not properly grounded.

Do not touch internal parts of the display with your hands or with metal objects.

Inspecting the Game

WARNING

Do not plug in the game until you have completed the following inspection steps.

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Please inspect your Road Blasters game carefully to ensure that the game is complete and delivered to you in good condition. Figure 5-1 shows the locations of the component parts of the game. Table 1-1 lists space, power, and environmental requirements.

Inspect the factory-assembled game as follows:

- 1. Examine the exterior of the cabinet for dents, chips, or broken parts.
- 2. Unlock and open the rear access panel. Unlock and open the coin doors. Inspect the interior of the cabinet as follows:
 - a. Ensure that all plug-in connectors (on the cabinet harnesses) are firmly plugged in. Do not force connectors together. The connectors are keyed so they only fit in the proper orientation. *A reversed edge connector can damage a printed-circuit board (PCB) and will void your warranty.*
 - b. Ensure that all plug-in integrated circuits on each PCB are firmly plugged into their sockets.
 - c. Inspect the power cord for any cuts or dents in the insulation.
 - d. Inspect the power supply. Make sure that the correct fuses are installed. Check that the harness is plugged in correctly and that the fuse block cover is mounted in place. Check that the green ground wires are connected.
 - e. Inspect other major sub-assemblies, such as the video display, printed-circuit boards (PCBs), and speakers. Make sure that they are mounted securely and that the ground wires are connected.

Table 1-1 Game Specifications

Characteristic	Specification	
Power Consumption	300 V-A, 239 W RMS	
Temperature	+ 5° to + 38° C (+ 37° to + 100° F)	
Humidity	Not to exceed 95% relative	
Line Voltage	102 to 132 VAC (U.S. games) 198 to 264 VAC (Irish games)	
Width	29.5 in. (75 cm)	
Length	84 in. (213 cm)	
Height	53.25 in. (135 cm)	

Control and Switch Locations Power On/Off Switch

The power on/off switch is located in the lower corner of the right side panel of the cabinet. (See Figure 1-1.)

Volume Control

The volume control is located on the Audio II PCB on the inside of the rear access panel. (See Figure 1-1.) The volume control adjusts the level of sound produced by the game.

Coin Counter

The coin counter is located on the shelf inside the upper coin door. The coin counter records the number of coins deposited.

Self-Test Switch

The self-test switch is located on the shelf inside the upper coin door. (See Figure 1-1.) The self-test switch selects the Self-Test Mode to check game operation. Refer to Chapter 2 for a complete description of self-test operation.

Stabilizing the Sit-Down Cabinet

The sit-down cabinet should be immobilized so that players cannot roll the cabinet around. To stabilize the cabinet, lift up the game from one side. Place a two-inch thick block of wood, book, or other object under the edge of the raised cabinet. Partially unscrew the adjustable glides until they extend below the casters. Then, lower the cabinet and lift the other side. Partially unscrew the adjustable glides until they extend below the casters. Lower the cabinet. (See Figure 1-2.)

Setting the Coin and Game Option Settings

The Road Blasters coin and game options are set in the Self-Test Mode. Refer to Chapter 2 for the recommended settings and the procedure for setting the options.

Game Play

This section of the manual describes the theme of the Road Blasters game, the operating modes, and the game play features.

Introduction

Road Blasters is an action-packed battle game where the player drives a high-performance armored car. Road

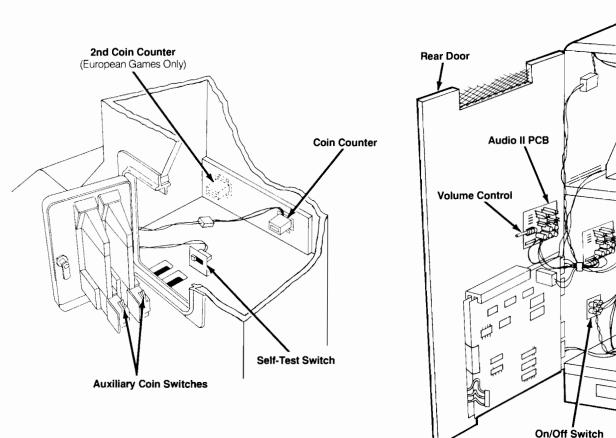


Figure 1-1 Control and Switch Locations

Blasters features a new return-to-center (RTC) steering control with fire buttons to highlight the realistic driving perspective and added action element of laser artillery and unique special weapons.

Atari Games has designed Road Blasters in cooperation with Matchbox Toys, a company famous for its authentically detailed collectible die-cast cars. Road Blasters is a new Matchbox line of futuristic action/adventure vehicles.

Attract Mode

The Attract Mode begins when the game is powered up or after exiting the Play or Self-Test Modes. The Attract Mode ends when coins or tokens are inserted and the gas pedal is pressed. The Attract Mode continuously cycles through the following displays:

- Road Blasters title screen
- Game play demonstration
- Screen displaying The Enemy and their respective point values
- High score table

• Contest information (U.S. and Canada only)

Unique Features to Attract Players

• Tie-in with the Matchbox Road Blasters line of action/ adventure vehicles. Matchbox Toys will support its Road Blasters line with television advertising in the spring and fall of 1987, in addition to retail promotions and an ambitious public relations campaign. As an amusement game operator owning a Road Blasters video game, you will profit from the public awareness created by Matchbox Toys.

(Inside View)

- A special player contest (in the U.S. and Canada only) to promote increased play on the game. Players who complete rally 50 are asked to enter their name and obtain a secret code. When mailed to Atari Games, this secret code entitles the player to a specially designed Road Blasters T-shirt. Detailed rules are on the marquee packaged with your Road Blasters game.
- The Road Blasters unique high-tech cockpit cabinet will be an attention-grabber in all locations.

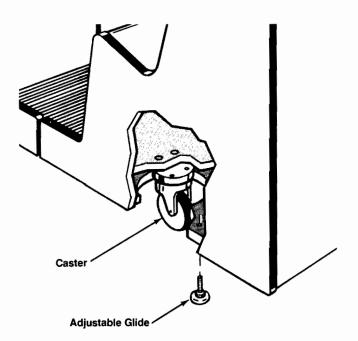


Figure 1-2 Stabilizing the Sit-Down Cabinet

• Realistic graphic quality is highlighted by the unique fresnel lens that overlays the display and magnifies the screen graphics, simulating a 25-inch monitor.

Play Mode

Road Blasters is the Ultimate Race of the Future—being part road race and part combat-zone survival exercise.

The roadway leads the player through a progression of countries, alternating checkpoints, and rally points. Checkpoints are mid-point goals that award additional fuel as the player races past. Rally points are similar to finish lines in ordinary race games because they indicate the completion of a race section. In the case of Road Blasters, a scroll-up video display evaluates player performance at each rally point. The game ends when the players run out of fuel by driving too slow, or crashing too often.

Player controls consist of an RTC steering control with triggers and thumb firing buttons, and a gas pedal. The triggers control the laser gun; the thumb buttons ignite the special weapons.

Players can tag the green and red fuel globes placed along the roadway to obtain more fuel. As a reward, their cars are also refueled when they reach each checkpoint and rally point.

Four unique computer-controlled opponent vehicles challenge players: sleek, fast Stingers; heavily armored Command cars; evasive and unpredictable Rat Jeeps; and quick, darting Cycles. These vehicles combine forces to try to prevent the players from reaching the next rally point. In addition, there are mines in the road, gun turrets on the side of the road shooting at the players, spikers thrown by opponent vehicles, and other obstacles to be avoided.

The player can dock with the special attribute pack dropped by the support jet to acquire special weapons. Special weapons include: Cruise Missiles that destroy everything in the path of the player that is visible on the screen; Nitro Injectors that boost the speed of players' cars; U.Z. Cannons that rapid-fire; and Electro Shields that protect players' cars from shots, collisions, mines, and spikers.

High Score Mode

Upon completing a game and if players are among the top ten scorers recorded on the game, they have 17 seconds to enter their first initial and another 17 seconds for the next initial, until all have been entered. Players select their initials by pressing the thumb buttons or the triggers. Players can correct their initials by selecting the arrow that points to the left and pressing the gas pedal, then repeating the procedure for entering their correct initials.

To encourage high score competitiveness among players, your Road Blasters game automatically resets the high score table to the default list of players' initials and scores. During normal use (when the game is turned off at closing time), the top four scores are reset if more than 200 sequential games have elapsed and no players have entered their initials as one of the top four scores. This interval is about once a week; the reset occurs during power-up. Scores 5 through 10 are reset daily during power-up.

Maximizing Earnings

Operator options on this game have been kept very simple. You should thoroughly read Chapter 2, Self-Test, for the Coin Options, Game Options, Histograms, and Statistics screens so that you can effectively use the available options. Use the Self-Test screens showing Statistics and Histograms to evaluate game data, and the Game Options screen to make adjustments. (Refer also to the Self-Test chapter for more information on setting options.)

The key to maximum earnings is striking a midpoint on game times. Game times must be short enough so that player turnover is high. Conversely, game times must be long enough to give players a good value and ensure repeat play. (Repeat play is crucial to longevity.) The Road Blasters software gives the operator the flexibility to tune game difficulty and enough statistics to intelligently make adjustments.

If collections seem low or are dropping off, check all player controls and coin mechanisms for proper operation.

If earnings seem low, the game is technically sound and the average game time per quarter is under 110 seconds,

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try changing the game difficulty option to an easier setting. This change will give players more game time relative to their score.

If the average game time per quarter is over 180 seconds, first try changing the game difficulty to a harder setting. If the average game time per quarter is still over 180 seconds after a few weeks, try an even harder setting.

NOTE

Be sure to keep the factory default at *no* if you wish to try other than factory-recommended settings.

After changing the game difficulty settings, it is a good idea to reset the game statistics. The coin information and game statistics should be cleared in self-test by pressing the trigger button; this resets the average game time statistic. In addition, the histograms should be cleared by pressing the foot pedal while displaying the level 5 Histogram screen.

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Chapter 2



The Road Blasters[™] game tests itself and provides visual and audible indications of the condition of the game circuitry. Self-test information is displayed on the screen and through the sound system. No additional equipment is required.

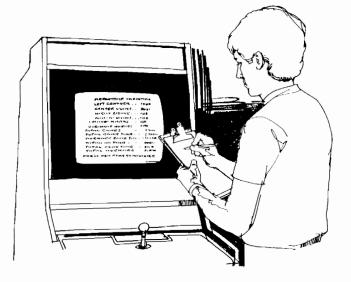
We suggest that you perform a self-test when you first set up the game, each time you collect the money, or when you suspect game failure. Coin and game options are selected in the Self-Test Mode.

After the self-test switch is turned on, 16 self-test screens provide information pertaining to the game circuits. Refer to Chapter 1 for the location of the self-test switch.

When the self-test switch is turned on, and the power is then turned on, the game enters the full Self-Test Mode. If the self-test switch is turned on while pressing the trigger button, the game enters a shorter Self-Test Mode. The following self-test screens are arranged in the sequence in which they occur after the self-test switch is first turned on. After the Sound Test, the sequence starts over with the Switch Test. Turning the self-test switch off at any time during the Self-Test Mode causes the game to return to the Attract Mode.

NOTE

During any of the self-tests, press the thumb button on the RTC (return-to-center) steering control to advance to the next screen.



RAM/ROM Test

The RAM/ROM Test screens are shown in Figures 2-1 and 2-2. These tests provide a visual check of the game RAM, ROM, and associated circuitry. If the RAM and ROM test passes, the display advances to the Switch Test.

The RAM/ROM Test is divided into two sections. The condition of the RAM circuitry is displayed in the bottom half of the screen and, after about an eight-second delay, the condition of the ROM circuitry is displayed in the top half of the screen. An error message indicates that the RAM, ROM, or associated circuitry may be faulty.

If the ROM test fails, an error message appears in the top half of the screen as shown in Figure 2-1. Refer to Table 2-1 for the faulty ROM locations.

If the upper or lower main memory ROM circuits on the Main PCB fail, an *Upper or Lower Main ROM Error* message appears at the top of the screen. Press the thumb button to obtain any RAM or ROM error message(s) from

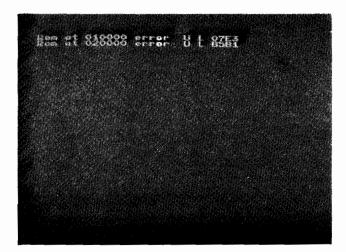


Figure 2-1 ROM Test Fails

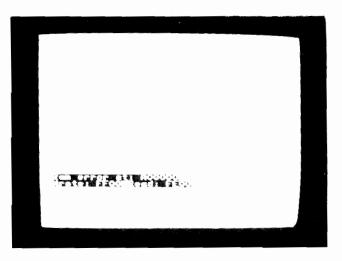


Figure 2-2 RAM Test Fails

Error Message	Location on Cartridge 5 PCB Assy	
ROM at 10000 error	U = 7P	L = 8P
ROM at 20000 error	U = 7R	L = 8R
ROM at 30000 error	U = 7S	L = 8S
ROM at 50000 error	U = 7L	L = 8L
ROM at 60000 error	U = 7M	L = 8M
ROM at 70000 error	U = 7N	L = 8N
Bank switch error		

Table 2-1 Faulty ROM Locations

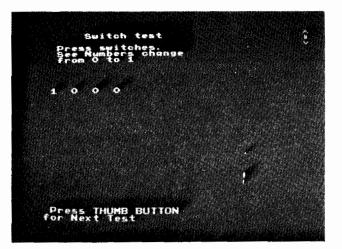


Figure 2-3 Switch Test

the Cartridge PCB RAM or ROM circuits. Press the thumb button again. If the bank switch ROM circuits on the Cartridge PCB are faulty, the message *Bank Switch Error* will appear.

If the RAM test fails, an error message appears as shown in Figure 2-2. Refer to the memory maps and schematic diagrams in the *Schematic Package Supplement* (SP-299) to determine the location of the faulty RAM circuit.

Repair the faulty RAM or ROM circuit or press the thumb button to obtain the Switch Test.

Switch Test

The Switch Test screen is shown in Figure 2-3. This test indicates the condition of the trigger pushbutton switch. Press the trigger button, and note that the first number changes to a 1.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

NOTE

For all subsequent tests in the self-test, the following summarizes the functions of the various switches:

- The thumb button sequences to the next test.
- The foot pedal has an action function. For example, in the convergence test pressing the pedal changes the grid lines from white to violet; in the sound test, the audio starts sounding.
- The RTC steering control left-to-right movement selects choices. (Right/left arrows are displayed in the upper right corner on the screen.)
- The trigger switch, if pressed, changes the RTC steering control to show up/down movement on the screen. (Up/down arrows are displayed in the upper right corner of the screen.)

Option Name	Available Settings
Credit Mode	1 Coin 1 Credit <
	2 Coins 1 Credit
	3 Coins 1 Credit
	4 Coins 1 Credit
Right Mech Multiplier	1 Coin Counts as 1 Coin ◄
0	1 Coin Counts as 4 Coins
	1 Coin Counts as 5 Coins
	1 Coin Counts as 6 Coins
Left Mech Multiplier	1 Coin Counts as 1 Coin ◄
1	1 Coin Counts as 2 Coins
Bonus Adder	No Bonus Adder ◄
	2 Coins Give 1 Extra Coin
	4 Coins Give 1 Extra Coin
	4 Coins Give 2 Extra Coins
	5 Coins Give 1 Extra Coin
	3 Coins Give 1 Extra Coin
	Free Play

Table 2-2 Coin Option Settings

Manufacturer's recommended settings

Coin Options

The Coin Options screen is shown in Figure 2-4. This screen indicates the current coin option settings and is used to change these settings. Refer to Table 2-2 for the available and recommended settings.

NOTE

If you wish to try other than factory-recommended options, leave the *Restore Factory Options* setting at *no*.

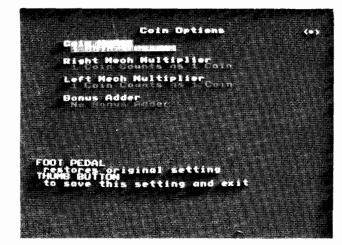


Figure 2-4 Coin Options

Coin Mode should be highlighted. Move the RTC steering control right or left, and note that the coin mode values change. Select the desired value. Move the RTC steering control to the right (while the trigger switch is pressed); this moves the box to *Right Mech Multiplier*. Move the RTC steering control right or left (without pressing the trigger switches) to cycle through all the available multiplier values. Select the desired value. Repeat this procedure for the remaining options.

If you wish to cancel the option changes and restore the original settings, press the foot pedal.

Press the thumb button to set the selected coin options and to obtain the next screen.

Game Options

The Game Options screen is shown in Figure 2-5. This screen indicates the current game option settings and is used to reset the high score table and to change the game option settings. Refer to Table 2-3 for the available options and the default (recommended) settings. Note that the recommended settings are highlighted in green.

Move the RTC steering control right or left and note that the settings for the option in the shaded block change. Select the desired value. Press the trigger switch and simultaneously move the RTC steering control left/right to move the desired option into the shaded block. Move the RTC steering control right or left (without pressing the trigger switch) to cycle through all the available game option settings and select the desired value. Repeat this procedure for the remaining options.

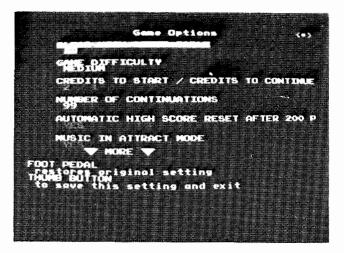


Figure 2-5 Game Options

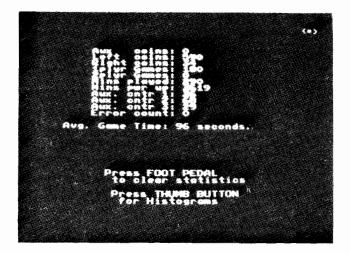


Figure 2-6 Statistics

If you want to cancel the option changes and restore the original settings, press the foot pedal.

Press the thumb button to set the selected game options and to obtain the next screen.

Statistics

The Statistics screen is shown in Figure 2-6. This screen provides a visual check of the current game statistics. The statistics information is accumulated either from the first time the game was turned on or from the last time the statistics were reset. To reset the statistics information, press the trigger button.

The following information appears on the Statistics screen:

- Aux coins is not used in the Road Blasters game.
- *Left coins* shows the number of coins deposited in the left coin mechanism.

- *Right coins* shows the number of coins deposited in the right coin mechanism.
- 1 plyr Games shows the number of 1-player games.
- *Mins played* shows the total time, in minutes, of all the games played.
- *Mins pwr up* shows the total time, in minutes, that the game has been turned on.
- Aux. cntr 1 shows the highest rally achieved.
- *Aux. cntr 2* shows the total number of times the add-a-coin was used.
- *Aux. cntr 3* shows the number of games without a new high-score entry.
- *Error count* shows the number of EEPROM errors that were detected. Replace the EEPROM at location 15F on the Main PCB if the errors detected exceed approximately 75 per week.
- *Avg. Game Time* shows the average game time per play in seconds, including add-a-coin continuation games.

Option Name	Available Settings
Clear high score table	No ◀ Yes
Game difficulty	Easy Medium ◀ Hard Difficult
Credits to start/credits to continue	1/1 2/1 2/2 ◀
Number of continuations	2 3 4 Unlimited number ◄
Automatic high score re- set after 200 games	Yes ◀ No
Music in attract mode	Yes ◀ No
Rally 50 contest enabled	Yes ◀ (U.S. and Canada only) No (Europe only)
Demo/play mode	Playable game mode < Demonstration mode (players cannot crash)
Restore factory options	Yes No ◀

 Table 2-3
 Game Option Settings

Manufacturer's recommended settings

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Histograms

There are five Histogram screens. One screen is shown in Figure 2-7. The screens are selected by pressing the thumb button. Each screen shows the lengths of the games from 0 to 540 or more seconds and the total number of players. The high score for each level is also displayed.

The Histograms for Levels 1 through 3 show the players' wave selections (choosing from Rookie, Veteran, or Expert). The Histogram for Level 4 shows the number of games that ended on the original level of the game continuation feature. The Histogram for Level 5 shows the number of games that ended on a higher level after a game continuation.

The game times information is accumulated either from the first time the game was turned on or from the last time the game times were reset. To reset the Histograms, press the foot pedal while displaying the Histogram for the Level 5 screen.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Playfield Test

The Playfield Test screen is shown in Figure 2-8. This screen indicates the condition of some of the graphics ROM, and the vertical and horizontal playfield scrolling registers.

Move the RTC steering control to the left, and the playfield should slowly scroll to the left. Move the RTC steering control right, and the playfield should scroll right. Pressing the trigger button causes the RTC steering control to scroll the playfield up/down when the RTC control is moved left/right.

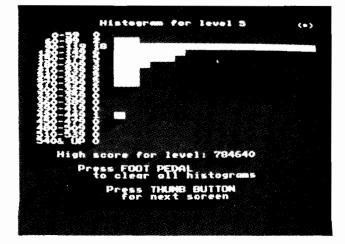


Figure 2-7 Histograms

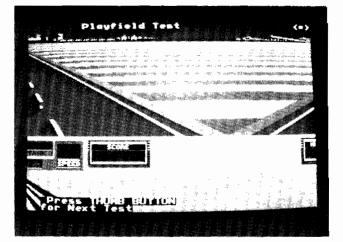


Figure 2-8 Playfield Test

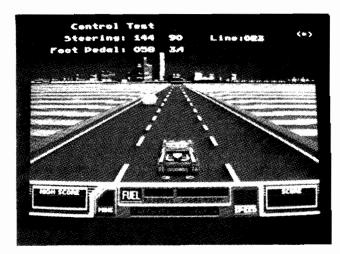


Figure 2-9 Control Test

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Control Test

The Control Test screen is shown in Figure 2-9. This screen indicates the condition of the controls, graphics ROMs, and motion object circuitry. Moving the RTC steering control to the left and right will change the displayed value next to the word *STEERING:* (the left number is in decimal, the right one is in hexadecimal). Look for consistent readings (within ± 2) when you move the control to its left and right limits.

The *FOOT PEDAL*: message also displays decimal (left) and hexadecimal (right) values. Look for a difference of at least 64 between the fully pressed and fully upright positions of the foot pedal. These values should increase as the pedal is pressed.

Also note that the player's car should be displayed in the center pointing ahead, as in game play. Another vehicle is

displayed (initially a stinger) at the top of the roadway in the left lane.

Moving the RTC steering control selects a different opponent; moving the RTC steering control to the left or right steps that opponent through the next lane on the left or right. Finally, pressing the foot pedal moves the vehicle down the screen towards the bottom. Eventually the opponents will disappear as they move outside the display window.

Motion Object Test

The Motion Object Test indicates the condition of the motion-object buffer circuit. The seven groups of eight motion objects should be identical and eight pixels high.

Press the trigger button to select one of the 56 motion objects. RTC left/right movement moves an object left/ right. The object should be invisible about half the distance of its travel (for about five seconds). Pressing the trigger switch causes the RTC steering control left/right movement to move the object up/down. (Figure 2-10 shows the screen after some motion objects have been moved.)

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Motion Object Height Test

The Motion Object Height Test indicates the condition of the motion object/playfield graphic address generator circuit.

Each successive column of motion objects should be eight pixels taller than the last. The top eight pixels of all the columns should be the same. The top 16 pixels of all the columns that are at least 16 pixels high should be the same. Each column should add a new 8×8 pixel stamp picture to the bottom and slide the old picture up by eight pixels. The motion objects can be moved by following

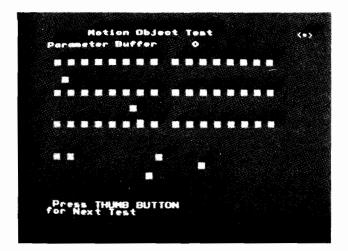


Figure 2-10 Motion Object Test

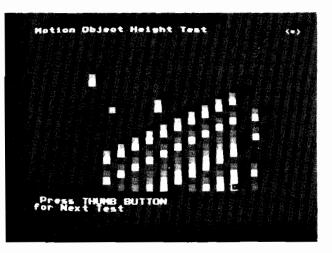


Figure 2-11 Motion Object Height Test



Figure 2-12 Alphanumerics Test

the same procedure as in the Motion Object Height Test. (Figure 2-11 shows the screen after some motion objects have been moved.)

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Alphanumerics Test

The Alphanumerics Test screen is shown in Figure 2-12. This test indicates the condition of the alphanumerics circuit.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Color Test

The Color Test screen is shown in Figure 2-13. This test indicates the condition of the display color circuits.

There should be eight vertical grey-scale bars and three groups of eight horizontal bars with shades of red, green, and blue. The brightest bars should be on the left, and the

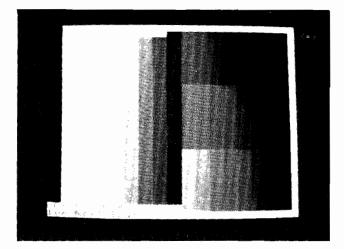


Figure 2-13 Color Test

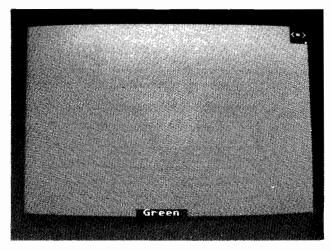


Figure 2-14 Color Purity Test

darkest (black) bars should be on the right. A bright white frame should surround the screen: this frame will help to identify the darkest color band. If the display characteristics are not correct, refer to the display manual for the color-gun adjustment procedure or to determine the possible cause of failure.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Color Purity Test

The Color Purity Test consists of five color displays that indicate the condition of the display color-purity circuits. The first display to appear should be a red screen with the word *RED* displayed at the bottom of the screen..

Press the foot pedal and the next display to appear should be green with the word *GREEN* displayed at the bottom of the screen (see Figure 2-14). Press the foot pedal to obtain a blue, white, and finally a grey screen. After the grey screen the software repeats the cycle, beginning with the red screen. If the display characteristics are not correct, refer to the video display manual for the color-purity adjustment procedure or the possible cause of failure.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

Convergence Test

The Convergence Test screen is shown in Figure 2-15. This test indicates the condition of the display size, centering, linearity, and convergence. The grid pattern should be white.

Press the foot pedal, and the pattern should turn violet. Repeated pressing of the foot pedal should cause the screen to alternate between violet and white. Check the grid pattern for the following characteristics (the violet and white patterns are used to adjust the display convergence):

- The four corners of the frame around the grid pattern should touch all four corners of the screen.
- Grid lines should exhibit no pincushioning or barreling, and the lines should be straight within 3 mm.
- Violet and white pattern convergence should be within 2 mm.

If the display characteristics are not within these limits, refer to the display manual for the linearity and convergence adjustment procedures or to determine the possible cause of failure.

Move the RTC steering control left/right, and the pattern should slowly move left/right. Moving the RTC steering control left or right with the trigger switch depressed should cause the pattern to scroll up or down.

Press the thumb button to obtain the next screen.

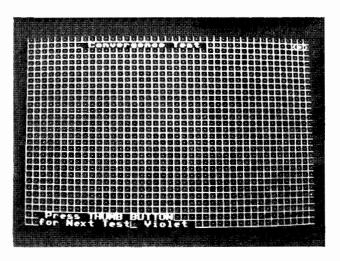


Figure 2-15 Convergence Test

Sound Test

The Sound Test screen is shown in Figure 2-16. This test indicates the condition of the coin mechanisms, and the music and sound-effects circuits.

The sound microprocessor is reset at the beginning of this test; the reset can take several seconds. If the sound-microprocessor reset fails, the message *SOUND PROCES-SOR NOT RESPONDING* should flash near the top of the screen. Move the RTC steering control left with the trigger switch pressed to sequence forward through the

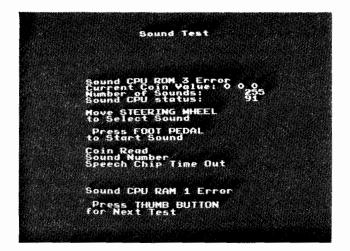


Figure 2-16 Sound Test

sounds; move the RTC steering control right with the trigger switch pressed to sequence backwards. Press the foot pedal to start the selected sound. The Sound Test provides the following sound information:

- *Current Coin Value* consists of three zeros. As coins are deposited in each of the coin mechanisms, the second and third zero should change to a *1* as the coin switch is held down and should change back to zero when the coin switch is released.
- *Number of Sounds* indicates the number of sounds used in the Road Blasters game.
- *Sound CPU Status* indicates the condition of the sound microprocessor. If the sound microprocessor is good, the word *Good* should appear. If the sound microprocessor is faulty, the message *Sound CPU ROM 1, ROM 2,* or *ROM 3 Error* appears at the top of the screen. (ROM 1 is at location 7/8C/D on the Cartridge 5 PCB Assembly; ROM 2 and ROM 3 is at location 7/8D on the same PCB.)
- *Music Chip Test* consists of eight tones in a major scale that alternate between sound channels (16 tones in all).
- *Effects Chip Test* consists of four tones in a major chord that come from both sound channels simultaneously.
- Speech Chip Test consists of a synthesized voice repeating the message "speech chip test."

Press the thumb button to obtain the first screen (the RAM/ROM Test).

Chapter 3

Maintenance

This chapter includes preventive and corrective maintenance procedures for the Road Blasters^M game components that are subject to the most use. To assure maximum trouble-free operation from this game, we recommend that preventive maintenance be performed as described in this chapter.

Removal, disassembly, reassembly, and replacement procedures are provided for components that might require corrective maintenance. Appropriate references are provided to Chapter 5, Illustrated Parts Lists, to help locate the parts of this game that are mentioned, but not illustrated, in the maintenance procedures.



Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance includes cleaning, lubricating, and tightening hardware. How often preventive maintenance is performed depends upon the game environment and frequency of play. We recommend that preventive maintenance be performed at the intervals specified.

WARNING

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To avoid possible electrical shock, turn off the game before performing any maintenance procedures.

Preventive-Maintenance Intervals

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The preventive-maintenance intervals are the recommended minimum requirements for the components listed.

RTC Steering Control	Inspect weekly, lubricate, and tighten hardware at least every three months. Also, inspect the handle microswitches weekly.
Foot Pedal	Lubricate and tighten hardware at least every three months.
Coin Mechanism	Inspect whenever coins are col- lected. Clean at least every three months.
 Interior Components 	Clean at least every six months.

Removing the Control Panel

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the control panel. (See Figure 3-1.)

- 1. Unlock and open the rear door.
- 2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four screws holding the speakers and grilles to the control panel. Also remove the speaker wires.
- 3. Use a 5/32-inch Allen wrench to remove the four screws holding the RTC steering control to the control panel.
- 4. Carefully guide the RTC steering control through the hole in the control panel.
- 5. Disconnect the RTC steering control harness connector.
- 6. Use a ¼-inch Allen wrench to remove the ten screws holding the control panel to the cabinet.
- 7. Replace the control panel in the reverse order of removal. Be sure that the RTC harness wires do not in-

terfere with the gears when the RTC steering control is installed.

Maintaining the RTC Steering Control

Preventive maintenance on the RTC steering control consists of:

- Inspecting the RTC steering control housing for excessive wear or dirt.
- Checking the operation of all four handle microswitches.
- Inspecting the Optical Coupler PCB Assembly for damage and contamination.
- Lubricating the bronze bearings attached to the control base weldment.
- Replacing or tightening the securing hardware if necessary.

Perform the following procedure to lubricate and tighten the RTC steering control. (See Figure 3-2.)

- 1. Remove the control panel as previously described.
- 2. Apply a film of light oil (Atari part no. 107013-001) to the inside and top surfaces of both bronze bearings attached to the inside ends of the control base weldment.
- 3. Use a 5/32-inch Allen wrench to tighten the buttonhead screws holding the RTC steering control to the control panel.

Cleaning the Coin Mechanism

Use a soft-bristled brush to remove loose dust or foreign material from the coin mechanism. A toothbrush can be used to remove any stubborn build-up of residue in the coin path. After cleaning the coin mechanism, blow out all of the dust with compressed air.

Cleaning the Interior Components

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Perform the following procedure to clean the components inside the cabinet.



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Turn off the game power, but do not unplug the power cord before cleaning inside the cabinet. The power cord provides a ground path for stray static voltages that can be present on the cleaning tools.

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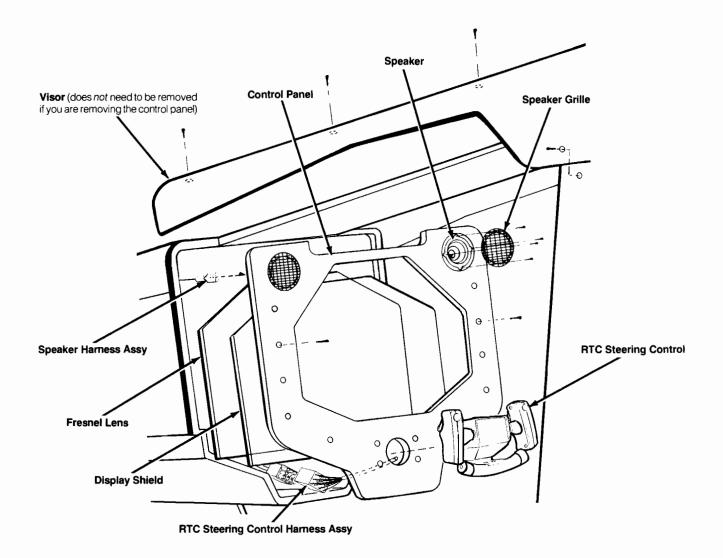


Figure 3-1 Speaker, Fresnel Lens, and Video Display Shield Removal

- 1. Unlock and open the rear access door.
- 2. Discharge the high-voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT) before proceeding. The display assembly contains a circuit for discharging the high voltage to ground when power is removed. However, to make certain, always discharge the display as follows.
 - a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground.
 - b. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap.
 - c. Wait two minutes and repeat part b.

CAUTION

Be extremely careful when cleaning the electrical components inside the cabinet. Avoid touching the electrical components with any solid object other than the soft bristles of the vacuum attachment or paint brush.

3. Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft long-bristled brush attachment or use a soft-bristled paint brush to remove loose dirt and dust accumulated on the inside of the cabinet. Be sure to clean the electrical components thoroughly (power supplies, PCB assemblies, display, etc.).

Corrective Maintenance

Corrective maintenance consists of removal, disassembly, reassembly, and replacement of game components. The following procedures are provided for components that might require corrective maintenance.

Removing the RTC Steering Control

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the RTC steering control. (See Figure 3-2.)

1. Unlock and open the rear door on the front of the cabinet.

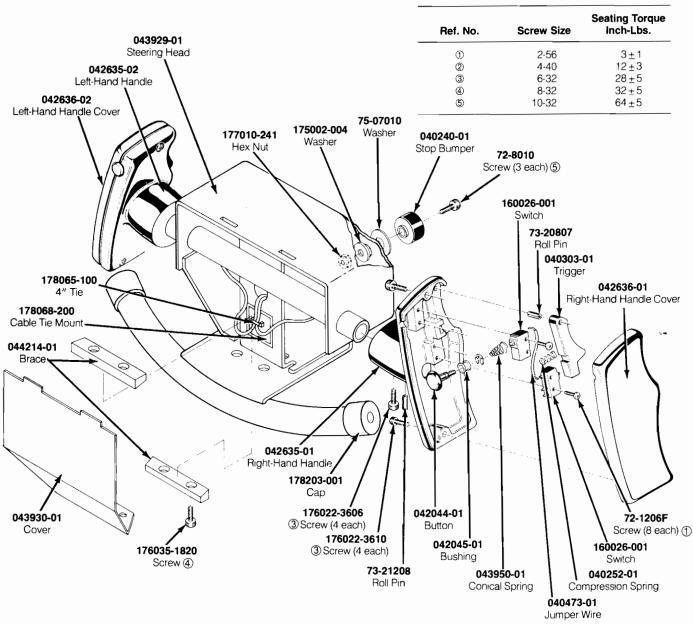


Figure 3-2 RTC Steering Control Disassembly and Lubrication

Screw Torque Specifications Table

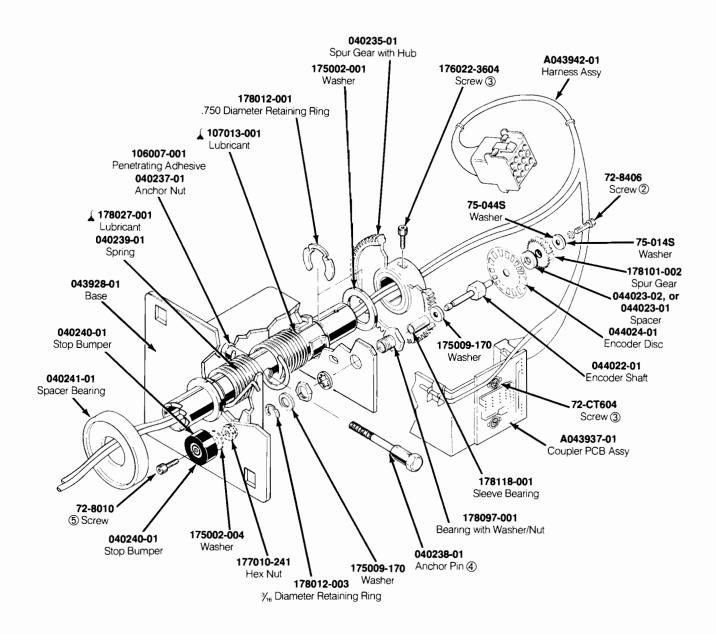


Figure 3-2 RTC Steering Control Disassembly and Lubrication, Continued

- 2. Use a 5/32-inch Allen wrench to remove the four buttonhead screws holding the RTC steering control to the control panel.
- 3. Carefully guide the RTC steering control through the hole in the control panel.
- 4. Disconnect the RTC steering control harness connector inside the cabinet.
- 5. Replace the RTC steering control in the reverse order of removal. Be sure to reconnect the control harness connector and the Coupler PCB Assembly harness connector. Also be sure that the RTC harness wires do not interfere with the gears when the control is installed.

NOTE

Certain corrective maintenance procedures can be performed with the RTC steering control attached to the control panel. However, for convenience and to avoid damaging the control panel, we recommend that the RTC steering control be removed from the control panel before any maintenance or repair is performed.

RTC Steering Control

The following corrective maintenance procedures apply to the RTC steering control. The RTC steering control consists of the handle assembly and the steering assembly.

Removing the Handles

Perform the following procedure to remove the handles from the handle assembly. (See Figure 3-1.)

- 1. Use a 7/64-inch hex driver to remove the two cap screws holding the cover on each handle. Be careful when removing the covers that the trigger and pushbutton springs do not fall free off the handles.
- 2. Unsolder the three harness wires from the trigger and push-button microswitches inside each handle.
- 3. Use a 9/64-inch hex driver to loosen and remove the two cap screws that secure the brace and cover.
- 4. Cut the tie wrap holding the harness, then gently pull the harness out of the shaft.
- 5. Use a 7/64-inch hex driver to remove the two cap screws that hold each handle to the shaft.
- 6. Use a $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch punch and gently drive the two roll pins from the shaft.
- 7. Gently slide the handles from the shaft.
- 8. Reassemble the handle in the reverse order of removal.

Disassembling the Handle Assembly

Perform the following procedure to disassemble the handle assembly. (See Figure 3-2.)

NOTE

Removing the handle assembly from the steering assembly is not necessary to perform the following disassembly procedure. However, refer to *Disassembling the Steering Assembly* later in this chapter for the procedure describing how to separate the two assemblies.

- 1. Use a 7/64-inch hex driver to remove the two cap screws from each handle assembly cover.
- 2. Remove the handles as previously described.
- 3. Replace the handle assembly in the reverse order of removal. Be sure to install a new tie wrap to hold the harness.

Disassembling the Steering Assembly

Perform the following procedure to disassemble the steering assembly. (See Figure 3-2.)

- 1. Remove the handle covers as described previously. Be careful when opening the handles that the pushbutton and trigger springs do not fall out.
- 2. Unsolder the three harness wires from the handle push-button and trigger microswitches.
- 3. Remove the green ground wire from the ground clip on the base, and the Optical Coupler PCB harness connector.
- 4. Use a hex driver to remove the two screws holding the Optical Coupler PCB Assembly to the base.
- 5. Use a 3/32-inch hex driver to remove the cap screw holding the encoder disc. Remove the retaining ring, two washers, encoder disc, encoder spacer, and small gear.



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Shield your face and eyes when prying the retainer from the shaft because the retainer can fly loose at a high speed. Cover the retainer with a rag or any material that can trap the retainer.

- 6. Use a 7/64-inch hex driver to remove the cap screw holding the large spur gear and hub to the shaft.
- 7. Use a slotted screwdriver (or an appropriate tool) to remove the retainer from the shaft.
- 8. Use a $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch wrench to remove the anchor nut on the end of the anchor pin. (The anchor nut holds the hook ends of the torsion-steering springs.)
- 9. Use a 9/64-inch hex driver to remove the two screws holding the cover to the steering head.
- 10. Cut the tie wrap holding the harness, then gently pull the harness out of the shaft.
- 11. Gently pull the steering assembly from the handle assembly. Make sure the harness wires are free to slide out of the handle-assembly shaft.
- 12. Use a 5/32-inch hex driver and ³/₈-inch combination wrench to remove the two bumpers from the frame.

NOTE

With the steering control disassembled, lubricate the bronze bearing surfaces, and the torsion springs. Also, apply penetrating adhesive inside the anchor nut hole after assembly. Refer to *Maintaining the RTC Steering Control* earlier in this chapter for further information.

13. Reassemble the steering assembly in the reverse order of removal. Be sure that all necessary screws have been tightened according to the Screw Torque Specifications Table. (See Figure 3-2.)

Installing the Harness Assembly

Perform the following procedure to install the harness assembly to the RTC steering control. (See Figure 3-2.)

- 1. If necessary, remove the handle covers as described under *Removing the Handles*.
- 2. Guide the harness wires into the spur-gear end of the hollow steering-assembly shaft. The wire routing on both microswitches should be as follows:

C = Common, should be the black wire. The black wire can go to either C (common) switch tab as long as there is a jumper wire.

NO = Normally open (Thumb Button), should be the red wire.

NO = Normally open (Trigger Button), should be the white wire.

NOTE

The tab locations are identical on both microswitches. However, because one microswitch is upside down, the markings are not visible.

- 3. Route and solder the wires to the microswitches. Note that either wire bundle can go to either handle.
- Install the wire tie, optical coupler PCB connector, and the ground clip. Make sure the wires do not interfere with the gears when the steering control is mounted.

Removing the Video Display

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the video display. (See Figure 3-3.)

- 1. Turn the game power off and wait two minutes. Unplug the power cord.
- 2. Unlock and open the rear door.



High Voltage

The video display contains potentially lethal high voltages. To avoid injury, do not attempt to service this display until you observe all precautions necessary for working on high-voltage equipment.

X-Radiation

The video display has been designed to minimize X-radiation. However, to avoid possible exposure to soft X-radiation, *never* modify the highvoltage circuitry.

Implosion Hazard

The cathode-ray tube may implode if struck or dropped. Shattered glass may cause injury within a 6-foot radius. Use care when handling the display.

- 3. Discharge the high-voltage from the cathode-ray tube (CRT) before proceeding. The display assembly contains a circuit for discharging the high voltage to ground when power is removed. However, to make certain, always discharge the display as follows.
 - a. Attach one end of a large, well-insulated, 18-gauge jumper wire to ground.
 - b. Momentarily touch the free end of the grounded jumper to the CRT anode by sliding it under the anode cap.
 - c. Wait two minutes and repeat part b.
- 4. From the back of the cabinet, disconnect all the display harness connectors. Remove the ground strap from the display chassis.
- 5. Use a ⁷/₁₆-inch nut driver to remove the two hex head screws and washers from the upper corners of the video display chassis.
- 6. Also use a ⁷/₁₆-inch nut driver to remove the two hex head screws, washers, and carriage bolts from the bottom corners of the video display chassis.
- 7. Carefully slide the display out through the rear of the cabinet.
- 8. Replace the video display in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

Whenever the cathode-ray tube is replaced, readjust the brightness, purity, and convergence as described in the display manual.

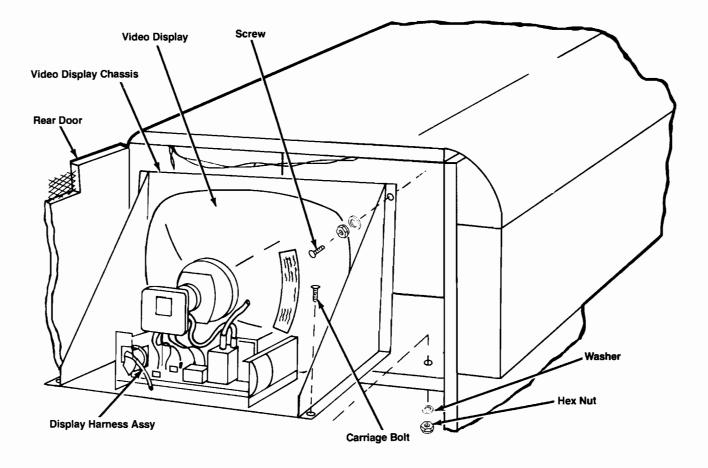


Figure 3-3 Video Display Removal

Removing the Foot Pedal Control

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the foot pedal control.

- 1. Disconnect the foot pedal harness connector from the main harness assembly located inside the cabinet.
- 2. Use a 5/32-inch Allen wrench to remove the four screws and washers holding the foot pedal assembly to the foot panel. Remove the foot pedal.
- 3. Replace the foot pedal in the reverse order of removal.

Removing the Game PCBs

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the game PCBs. (See Figure 3-4.)

1. Turn the game power off.

- 2. Unlock and open the rear door.
- 3. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the two screws holding the upper PCB cleat on the inside of the rear door. Remove the cleat.
- 4. Remove the screw and washers located in the upper right corner of the PCB board set that hold the set to the rear door.
- 5. Disconnect the video harness connector and the main edge connector from the Main PCB.
- Tilt the Main PCB and the Cartridge PCB away from the door. Remove the audio connector from the Cartridge PCB.
- 7. Remove both the Main PCB and the Cartridge PCB from the bottom PCB cleat.
- 8. Replace both the Main and Cartridge PCBs in the reverse order of removal.

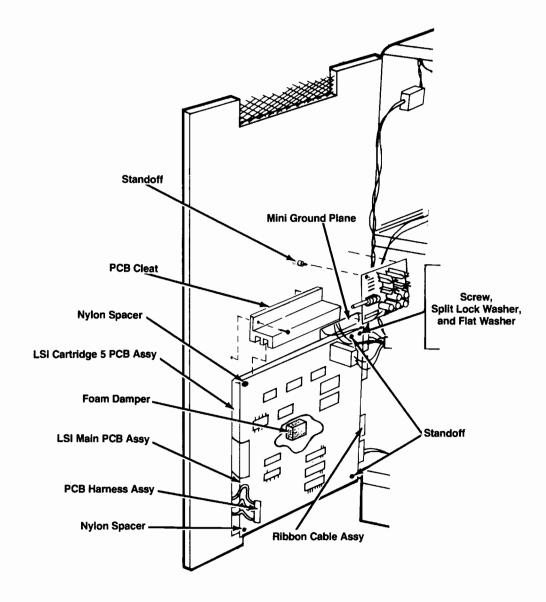


Figure 3-4 Game PCB Removal

Removing the Speakers

The Road Blasters game contains three speakers. Two small speakers are located in the upper corners of the control panel. One large speaker is located on the foot pedal panel below the control panel. Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the speakers. (See Figure 3-1.)

Control Panel Speakers

- 1. Turn the game power off.
- 2. From the front of the control panel, use a ¹/₈-inch hex driver to remove the four screws holding the speaker and grille to the control panel. Do not let the speaker fall.

CAUTION

Do not touch the speaker cones when handling the speakers. The cone material is fragile and can be easily damaged.

- 3. Lower the speaker just far enough to disconnect the two speaker wires. Ensure that the speakers are properly phased by placing the same color-coded connector on the same tab on each speaker.
- 4. Replace the speaker in the reverse order of removal.

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Foot Pedal Panel Speaker

Perform the following procedure to remove/replace the speakers.

1. Turn the game power off.

- 2. From the front of the foot pedal panel, use a ¹/₄-inch hex driver to remove the four screws holding the speaker grille to the foot pedal panel.
- 3. Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the four screws holding the speaker. Do not let the speaker fall.
- 4. Follow steps 3 and 4 in the preceding procedure.

Troubleshooting

The information in this chapter discusses troubleshooting aids and techniques to assist the service technician when trouble is suspected in a game. Most troubles can be located quickly by following the information in this chapter. However, if problems persist, contact your local distributor or your Atari Games Corporation Customer Service Office, listed on the inside front cover of this manual, for assistance.

NOTE

We recommend that troubleshooting and repair procedures be performed by a qualified service technician.



Troubleshooting Aids

Troubleshooting aids are provided throughout this manual and the schematic package supplement. The following information is intended to acquaint the service technician with the portions of these documents that contain useful troubleshooting and repair information.

Assembly and Component Locations

The parts lists in Chapter 5 of this manual illustrate the locations of assemblies and components. Printed-circuit board (PCB) illustrations aid in rapidly locating components shown on the corresponding schematic diagram(s).

Diagrams

А

The schematic package supplement for this manual contains schematic diagrams with component locations, active component type numbers, and electrical values.

Troubleshooting Techniques

WARNING

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To avoid electrical shock, turn off the game power before attempting to troubleshoot this game.

The following troubleshooting steps are arranged in a sequence recommended for locating a defective component. The procedure begins with a check of the simple trouble possibilities and progresses to more extensive procedures for localizing the problem to an assembly or major circuit, and then to a defective component.

Check Fuses

Check for open fuses. Refer to the power supply parts list in Chapter 5 and to the display manual for the location and rating of each fuse used in this game. Make sure that replacement fuses are the proper type and rating.

Check Power-Supply Voltages

Improper operation of all circuits usually indicates a power supply problem. Be sure that the proper line voltage is available to the power supply. Refer to the label on the power supply for its voltage rating.

Localize Trouble

Determine the trouble symptom. Use the wiring diagrams in the schematic package supplement to determine which assemblies or major circuits could cause the trouble. Perform the self-test procedure provided in Chapter 2 of this manual.

Visual Check

Visually check for obvious problems in the portion of the game where the trouble is suspected. For example, check for loose or defective solder connections, integrated circuits loose in their sockets, loose cable connections, broken wires, and damaged PCBs or components.

Check Individual Components

Check soldered-in passive components (e.g., resistors, capacitors, diodes) by disconnecting one end to isolate the measurement from the effects of the surrounding circuitry. Often, direct substitution is the most practical way to determine if a component is faulty. However, eliminate the possibility of some other circuit problem that could damage the substitute component.

Repair the Assembly

CAUTION

Soldered-in transistors and integrated circuits are difficult to remove without damaging the printed-circuit board or component. Refer to the information in this chapter pertaining to soldering and replacing integrated circuits and transistors.

Repair or replace the defective part. Refer to Chapter 3 and information in this chapter for special removal and replacement procedures. Check for proper operation of the repaired circuit.

Soldering Techniques

Observe the following recommendations when removing or replacing components soldered to a PCB. Poor soldering practices can damage a PCB or heat-sensitive electrical components.

Choosing the proper soldering iron is essential before attempting to remove or replace soldered-in components. Excessive heat is a common cause of damage to a component or PCB. However, transient voltages from solder guns or improperly grounded soldering irons can also damage certain voltage-sensitive semiconductor devices. Refer to *Troublesbooting Static-Sensitive Devices* for more specific information.

A 15- to 27-watt pencil-tip soldering iron is recommended to avoid separating the etched circuit wiring from the board material and to avoid damaging active components. A temperature-controlled soldering station rated at 700°F with a fine cone or a very fine chisel tip can also be used.

CAUTION

Solder guns are *not* recommended for removing or replacing soldered-in components on a printed-circuit board. Solder guns can overheat a device, and their large transient voltage can damage a voltage-sensitive device.

The following additional equipment is recommended for removing and replacing soldered-in components:

- Solder Sucker—Hand-operated vacuum tool used to remove liquified solder from the PCB. We recommend the top-of-the-line Soldapullt[®] brand.
- Solder Wick—Resin-soaked copper braid used for removing excess solder from the lead connections on the PCB. See *Removing Integrated Circuits* for precautions relating to the use of a solder wick on a multilayer PCB with plated-through holes.
- Flux Remover—Non-corrosive chemical used to clean foreign material from the PCB before soldering and to remove any flux residue where components have been replaced. Also used to clean any foreign material from the PCB during preventive maintenance. Isopropyl alcohol is recommended.
- Acid Brush—Small stiff-bristled paint or toothbrush used with flux remover to clean flux and other foreign material from the PCB.

Removing Integrated Circuits

The easiest and safest method for removing soldered-in integrated circuits (IC) from a PCB is to cut off each pin as close to the IC case as possible with a tip dyke (diagonal cutter) as shown in Figure 4-1.

Use the proper soldering iron as previously described under *Soldering Techniques*. Then, to avoid excessive heat buildup in one area of the PCB, apply heat directly to each pin in a random order. Remove the loosened pin with the tip of the soldering iron or a needle-nose pliers as shown in Figure 4-2. Allow a moment for the PCB to cool before

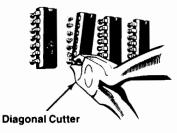


Figure 4-1 Removing IC (Cut-Pin Method)

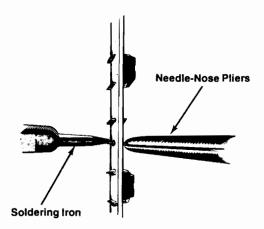


Figure 4-2 Removing IC Pins

proceeding to the next pin. Apply just enough heat to remove any stubborn pins.

For a multi-layer PCB with plated-through holes, use a solder sucker to remove the remaining solder from inside each hole as shown in Figure 4-3. If possible, suck the solder from the opposite side of the PCB from where the heat is applied.

Use a solder wick to remove excess solder from around the lead connection pads on the top and/or bottom surface of the PCB as shown in Figure 4-4.

CAUTION

Do not use a solder wick to remove solder from inside plated-through holes. The heat required for the solder wick to remove the solder from inside the hole could damage the PCB.

Use an integrated-circuit (IC) pulling tool to remove socketed ICs. Do not pry up on one end of the ICs, because the pins could be bent or broken.

Troubleshooting Static-Sensitive Devices

Certain precautions must be taken when working with static-sensitive devices, e.g., microprocessors, field-effect transistors (FET), complementary metal-oxide semiconductors (CMOS), and other large-scale integration (LSI) devices that use metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS) technology. Static charge buildup in a person's body or leakage from an improperly grounded soldering iron can cause static-sensitive device failure.

Before handling a static-sensitive device or a PCB with such devices attached to it, ground any static voltage that may have accumulated in your body by touching an ob-

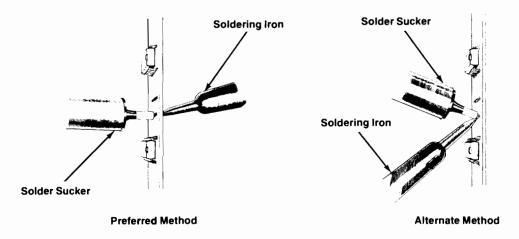


Figure 4-3 Removing Solder from Plated-Through Holes

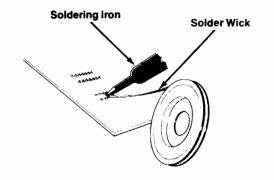


Figure 4-4 Removing Solder from Lead Connection Pads

ject that has been earth grounded. A bare wire wrapped around your wrist and attached to an earth ground is ef-

fective when working extensively with static-sensitive devices. When soldering a static-sensitive device, use a soldering iron with a properly grounded three-wire cord. (Refer to *Soldering Techniques* for a discussion of recommended soldering irons and procedures.)

A static-sensitive device can appear defective due to leakage on a PCB. Observe the precautions for grounding static voltages described in the preceding paragraph and clean both sides of the PCB with flux remover or an eraser before replacing what can be a good static-sensitive device. For discrete FETs, clean thoroughly between the gate, drain, and source leads.

Static-sensitive devices can be packaged in conductive foam or have a protective shorting wire attached to the pins. Remove the conductive foam just prior to inserting the device into its socket or soldering it to a PCB. Remove the shorting wire only *after* the device is inserted into its socket or *after* all the leads are soldered in place.

Chapter 5

Illustrated Parts Lists

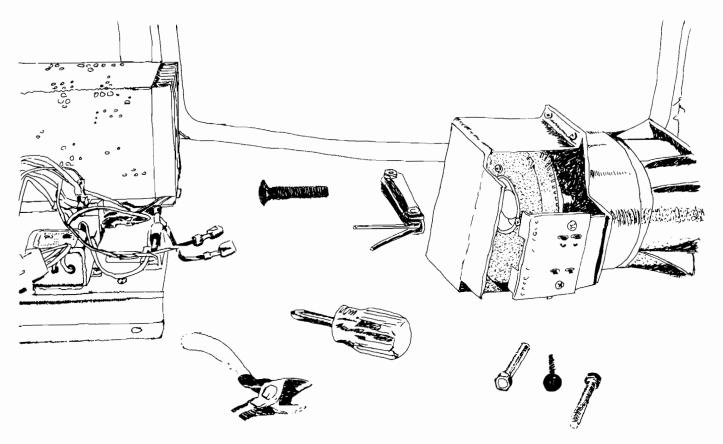
This chapter provides information you need to order parts for your game. Common hardware (screws, nuts, washers, etc.) has been deleted from most of the parts lists.

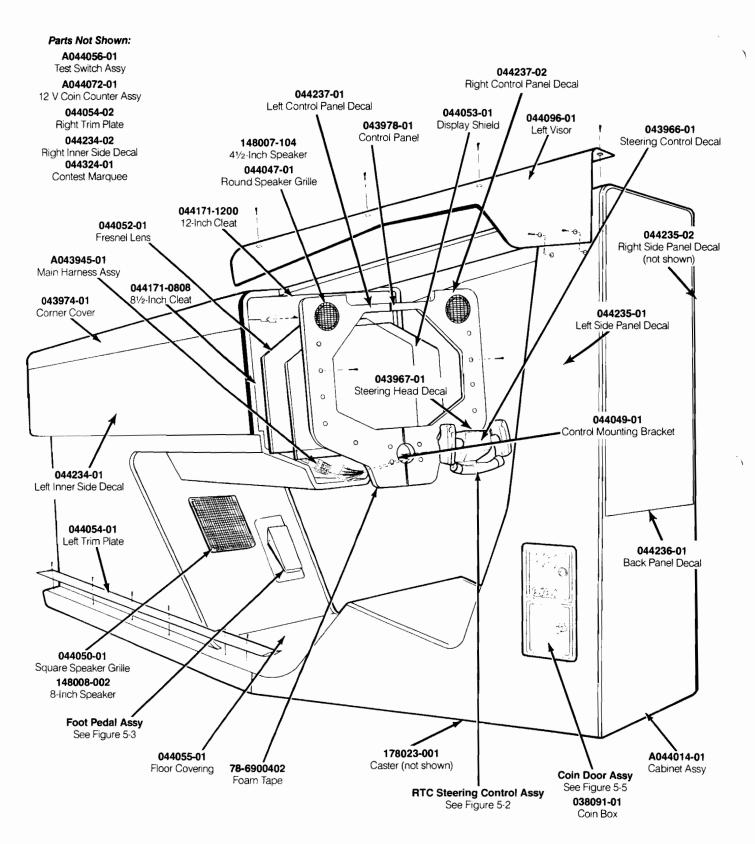
The PCB parts lists are arranged in alphabetical order by component. Each component subsection is arranged alphanumerically by reference designator.

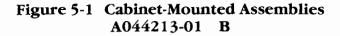
Other parts lists are arranged alphanumerically by Atari part number. In these parts lists, all A-prefix numbers come first. Following these are numbers in sequence evaluated up to the hyphen, namely 00- through 99-, then 000598- through approximately 201000-.

When ordering parts, please give the part number, part name, number of this manual, and serial number of your game. This will help us fill your order rapidly and correctly. We hope the results will be less downtime and more profit from your game.

Atari Customer Service numbers are listed on the inside front cover of this manual.







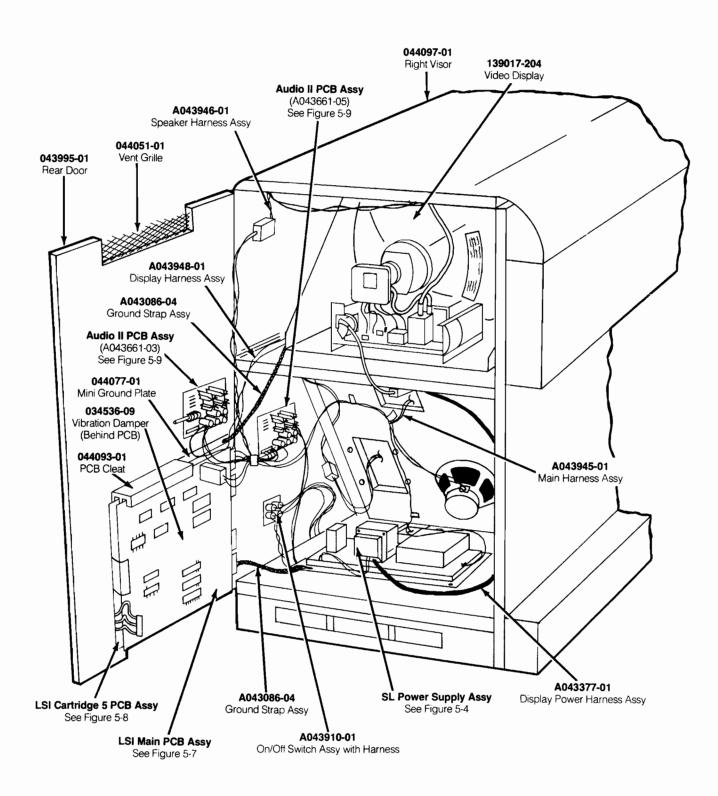


Figure 5-1 Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies, Continued A044213-01 B

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Cabinet-Mounted Assemblies Parts List

Part No.	Description				
A043086-04	Ground Strap Assembly				
A043377-01	Display Power Harness Assembly				
A043910-01	On/Off Switch Assembly with Harness				
A043945-01	Main Harness Assembly				
A043946-01	Speaker Harness Assembly				
A043948-01	Display Harness Assembly				
A044014-01	Cabinet Assembly				
A044056-01	Test Switch Assembly				
A044072-01	12 V Coin Counter Assembly				
78-3201	Adjustable Glide				
78-6900402	$\frac{1}{4}$ -Inch \times %-Inch Foam Tape (48 inches required; used between lens and control panel cover)				
034536-09	1-Inch-Thick Vibration Damper				
038091-01	Coin Box				
043966-01	RTC Steering Control Cover Decal (with instructions)				
043967-01	Steering Head Decal				
043974-01	Corner Cover				
043978-01	Control Panel (includes laminates and T-molding, but not the decals)				
043995-01	Rear Door				
044047-01	Round Speaker Grille				
044049-01	Control Mounting Bracket				
044050-01	Square Speaker Grille				
044051-01	Vent Grille				
044052-01	Fresnel Lens				
044053-01	Display Shield				
044054-01	Left Metal Trim Plate				
044054-02	Right Metal Trim Plate				
044055-01	Floor Covering				
044077-01	Mini Ground Plate				
044093-01	Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) Cleat with Holes				
044096-01	Left Visor				
044097-01	Right Visor				
044171-0808	$8\frac{1}{2}$ -Inch Long $\times \frac{3}{4}$ -Inch Square Painted Cleat with Holes				
044171-1200	12-Inch Long × ¾-Inch Square Painted Cleat with Holes				
044234-01	Left Inner Side Decal				
044234-02	Right Inner Side Decal				
044235-01	Left Side Panel Decal				
044235-02	Right Side Panel Decal				
044236-01	Back Panel Decal				
044237-01	Left Control Panel Decal				
044237-02	Right Control Panel Decal				
044324-01	Contest Marquee				
139017-204	Wells-Gardner 19-Inch Standard-Resolution Color Raster Video Display, Model 19K7901				
148007-104	4½-Inch Round, 8Ω Speaker				
148008-002	12-Inch Round, 8 Ω, 20 W Speaker				
178023-001	4-Inch-Diameter Caster				
T 1 2 2 2 2	The following are the technical information supplements for this game:				
TM-299	Road Blasters/Cockpit Operators Manual				
SP-299	Road Blasters/Cockpit Schematic Package				
ST-299	Road Blasters/Cockpit Self-Test Label				
TM-296	Wells-Gardner Model 19K7901 Video Display Service Manual				

N O T E S

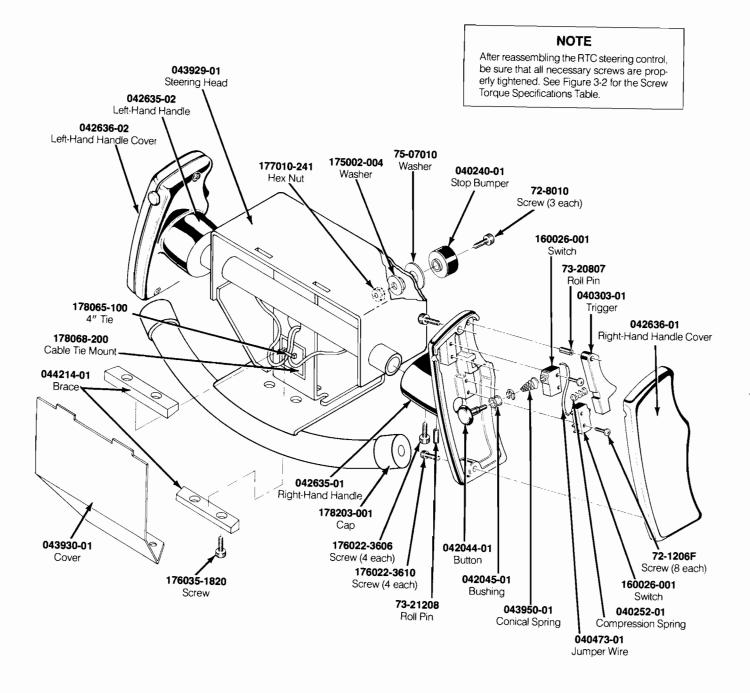


Figure 5-2 RTC Steering Control Assembly A043968-01 D

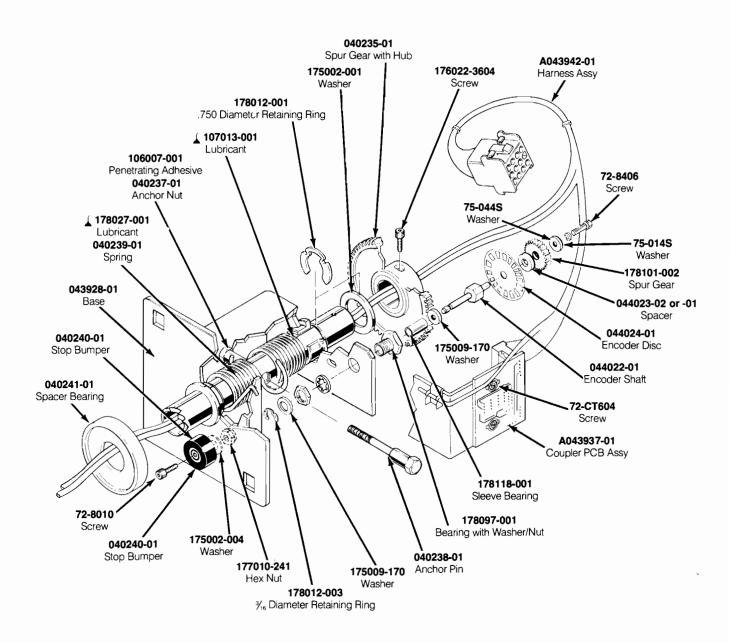
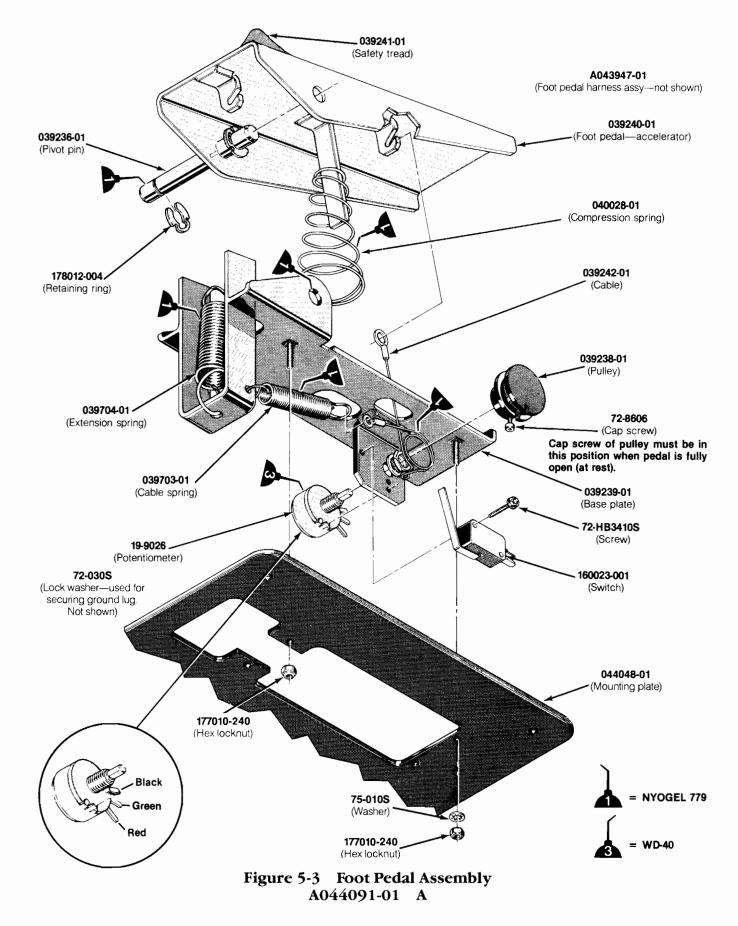


Figure 5-2 RTC Steering Control Assembly, Continued A043968-01 B

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RTC Steering Control Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Description
A043937-01	Coupler PCB Assembly
A043942-01	Control Harness Assembly
72-1206F	2-56 × ½-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Machine Screw
72-8010	10-32 × ½-Inch Socket-Head Cap Screw
72-8406	4-40 × ½-Inch Socket-Head Cap Screw
72-CT604	6-32 × ¼-Inch Hex Washer-Head Thread-Forming Machine Screw
73-20807 73-21208 75-0448 75-07010 75-0148 040235-01	 ½-Inch Diameter × ½-Inch Spring Roll Pin ¾-Inch Diameter × ½-Inch Spring Roll Pin #4 Split-Lock Washer .320 I.D., .750 O.D., .015 Thick Special Washer #4 Steel/Zinc Flat Washer 60T Spur Gear with Hub
040237-01	Anchor Nut
040238-01	Anchor Pin
040239-01	Torsion-Steering Spring
040240-01	Stop Bumper
040241-01	Spacer Bearing
040252-01	Compression Spring
040303-01	Trigger
040473-01	Jumper Wire
042044-01	Button
042045-01	Bushing
042635-01	Machined Handle (Right-Hand)
042635-02	Machined Handle (Left-Hand)
042636-01	Machined Handle Cover (Right-Hand)
042636-02	Machined Handle Cover (Left-Hand)
043928-01	Base
043929-01	Steering Head
043930-01	Cover
043950-01	Conical Compression Spring
044022-01	Encoder Shaft
044023-02	Encoder Shaft Spacer (Acceptable substitute is part no. 044023-01)
044024-01	Etched Encoder Disc
044214-01	Brace
106007-001	Penetrating Adhesive
107013-001	Lubricant
160026-001	Switch, Snap, SPDT
175002-001	Large Washer with ¼-Inch Diameter Shaft
175002-004	#10, .062 Thick, Flat Washer
175009-170	Special Nylon Flat Washer
176022-3604	6-32 × ¼-Inch Self-Locking Socket-Head Cap Screw
176022-3606	6-32 × ¼-Inch Self-Locking Socket-Head Cap Screw
176022-3610	6-32 × ¹ / ₄ -Inch Self-Locking Socket-Head Cap Screw
176035-1820	8-32 × 1 ¹ / ₄ -Inch Black Type F Socket-Head Cap Screw
177010-241	#10-32 Nyloc Hex Nut
178012-001	Retaining Ring for ³ / ₄ -Inch Diameter Shaft
178012-003	Retaining Ring for ³ / ₆ -Inch Diameter Shaft
178027-001	Lubricant
178065-100	4-Inch Wire and Cable Tie
178068-200	Cable Tie Mount
178097-001	.25 Shaft Panel Bearing with Lock Washer and Nut
178101-002	24 DP × 20 PA × .583 P.D. × 2.50 Spur Gear
178118-001	Oil-Impregnated Sleeve Bearing
178203-001	Cap



Foot Pedal Assembly Parts List

Part No.	Description
19-9026	5 kΩ Potentiometer (Acceptable substitute is part no. 19-9022)
72-030S	#10 External-Tooth Lock Washer
72-8606	#6-32 × .38-Inch Hex Socket-Head Cap Screw
75-010S	#10 Flat Washer
75-0358	1/4-Inch Flat Washer
75-5520B	#1/4-20 × 1 ¼ -Inch Black Carriage Bolt
75-9158	#1/4-20 Hex Nut
039236-01	Pivot Pin
039238-01	Pulley
039239-01	Foot Pedal Control Base Plate
039240-01	Foot Pedal Accelerator
039241-01	Safety Tread
039242-01	Cable
039703-01	Extension Spring for Cable
039704-01	Extension Spring for Pedal
040028-01	Compression Spring for Pedal
044048-01	Pedal Mounting Plate
107012-001	Dry Teflon Spray Lubricant
160023-001	SPDT Snap Switch with Actuator
177010-240	#10-24 Hex Locknut
178012-004	External Retaining Ring for 3/8-Inch Diameter Shaft
A043947-01	Gas Pedal Harness Assembly

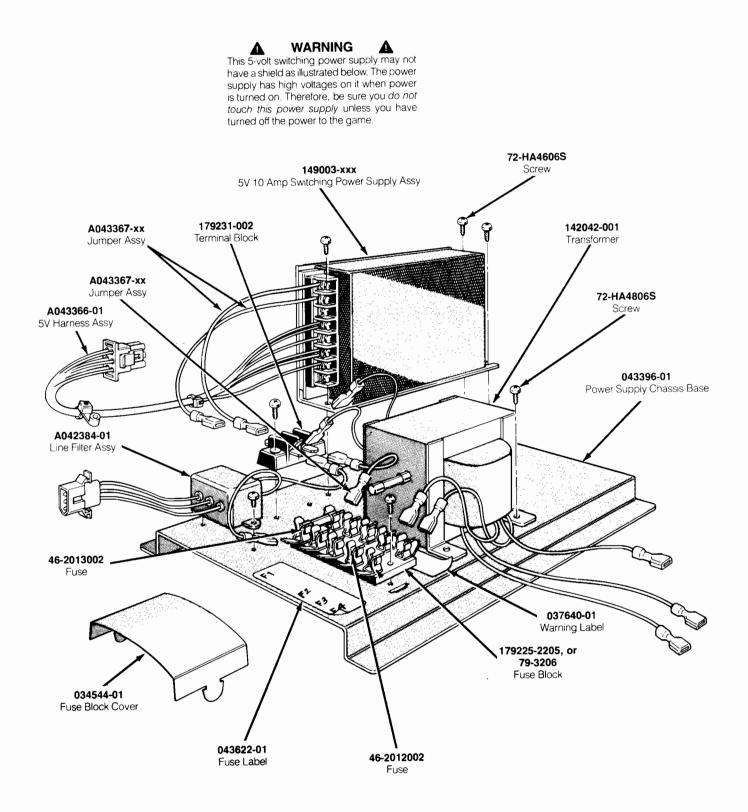


Figure 5-4 Switching/Linear (SL) Power Supply Assembly A043787-01 A

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Part No.	Description
A042384-01	Line Filter Assembly
A043366-01	5 V Harness Assembly
A043367-01	Jumper Assembly
A043367-02	6-Inch, Black Jumper Assembly
A043367-03	6-Inch, White Jumper Assembly
46-2012002	250 V Slow-Blow 2 A Fuse
46-2013002	250 V Slow-Blow 3 A Fuse
72-HA46068	#6-32 × ¾-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
72-HA48068	#8-32 × ‰-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Thread-Forming Screw
034544-01	Fuse Block Cover
037640-01	Power Supply Warning Label
043396-01	Power Supply Chassis Base
043622-01	Power Supply Fuse Label
142042-001	Transformer
149003-003	Hitron 5 V 10 A Switching Power Supply Sub-Assembly
179225-2205	5-Position Fuse Block (Acceptable substitute is part no. 79-3206)
179231-002	2-Position Terminal Block

Switching/Linear (SL) Power Supply Assembly Parts List

Hitron 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly Parts List

Designator	Description	Part No.
	Capacitors	
21	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.047 μ F, 250 V	99-211036
22	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.1 µF, 400 V	99-211038
C3, C4	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 4700 µF, 400 V	99-211049
C5, C6	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 100 µF, 200 V	99-211046
27	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.1 µF, 400 V	99-211038
8	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 0.001 µF, 2 kV	99-211042
29	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 0.01 μ F, 1 kV, Z5U	99-211041
210	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 220 µF, 25 V	99-211045
211	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.22 μ F, 100 V	99-211037
212	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.022 µF, 100 V	99-211039
213	CAPACITOR, METAL FILM, 0.22 µF, 100 V	99-211037
14	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 1800 pF, 2 kV, Z5 V	99-211040
17	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 470 µF, 25 V	99-211044
19	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 2200 μ F, 16 V	99-211048
20	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 1000 µF, 25 V	99-211047
21	CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 470 pF, 1 kV, Z5P	99-211043
22	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 2200 µF, 16 V	99-211048
23	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 1000 µF, 25 V	99-211047
24	CAPACITOR, ELECTROLYTIC, 2200 µF, 16 V	99-211048
	Diodes	
D1, D2	DIODE, FAST RECOVERY, RPG10K	99-211010
03	DIODE, FAST RECOVERY, RPG15B	99-211011
04	DIODE, FAST RECOVERY, RPG10B	99-211009
05-D7	DIODE, SWITCHING, 1N4148	99-211012

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Designator	Description	Part No.
D9	DIODE, FAST RECOVERY, 30DF1	99-211006
D11, D12	DIODE, SCHOTTKY, S10SC4M	99-211005
13-DI6	DIODE, RECTIFIER, 1N4006	99-211008
	Inductors	00 211052
1	INDUCTOR, 15 mH	99-211052
3	INDUCTOR, 7 μ H (Acceptable substitute is part no. 99-211051)	99-211050 90-211054
4	INDUCTOR, 2.2 µH	99-211054 99-211053
5	INDUCTOR, 1.5 mH	99-211035
1, R2	Resistors RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 180 k Ω , \pm 5%, 1 W	99-211034
3	RESISTOR, WIREWOUND, 120 Ω , \pm 5%, 2 W	99-211019
4	RESISTOR, WIREWOUND, 0.47 Ω , ±5%, 2 W	99-211018
5	RESISTOR, WIREWOUND, 33 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 2 W	99-211017
6, R7	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 5.6 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211027
8	RESISTOR, WIREWOUND, 0.47 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 2 W	99-211018
9	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 10 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211029
10	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 1 k Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-211032
11	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 47 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 1/4 W	99-21 1025
12	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 5.6 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 1/4 W	99-211027
13	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 330 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211026
14	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 270 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{2}$ W	99-211023
15	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 330 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{2}$ W	99-211022
16	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 8.2 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211028
17, RI8	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 56 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-211031
19	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 39 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-211030
20	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 2 k Ω , \pm 5%, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211035
21	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 470 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	99-211024
22	RESISTOR, 2.2 k Ω , $\pm 2\%$, 4 W	99-211021
23	RESISTOR, METAL FILM, 2 k Ω , $\pm 2\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211033
25	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 10 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211029
.26	RESISTOR, WIREWOUND, 50 Ω , \pm 5%, 2 W	99-211015
27	RESISTOR, CARBON FILM, 47 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	99-211025
31	RESISTOR, W1REWOUND, 150 Ω , ± 5%, 2 W	99-211016
. 1	Transistors	99-211002
21	TRANSISTOR, NPN, 2SC1413A TRANSISTOR, NPN, PE8050B	99-211002
<u>)</u> 2 <u>)</u> 3	TRANSISTOR, NPN, PE8050B	99-211005
9		77-211004
1	Miscellaneous FUSE, 2 A, 250 V. SEMKO	99-211058
C1	REGULATOR, UA431AWC	99-211001
CR1	THYRISTOR, SCR, S2800	99-211013
1	TRANSFORMER	99-211055
RI	THERMISTOR, 0.5Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 5 W	99-211020
'R1	POTENTIOMETER, TRIMMING, 3 k Ω	99-211014
DI	DIODE, ZENER, 1N752A	99-211007
	FUSE, 2 A, 250 V	99-211056
	FUSE HOLDER, 6.35 mm	99-211060
	TERMINAL BLOCK, 8 CKT	99-211057
	HEAT SINK	99-211059
	HEAT SINK, 1.5 mm	99-211061

Hitron 5-Volt Power Supply Sub-Assembly Parts List, Continued

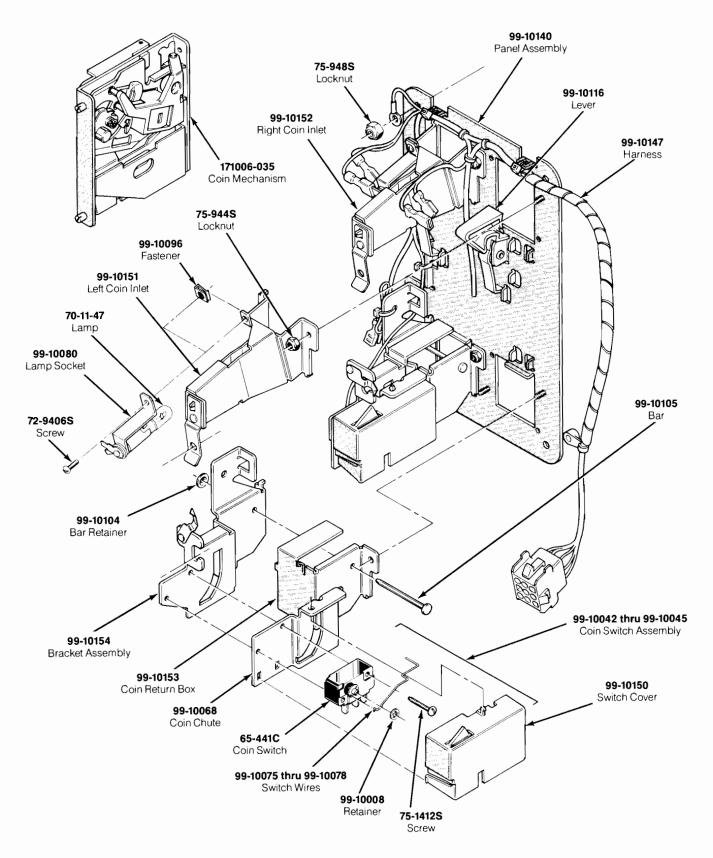


Figure 5-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly 171027-001 A

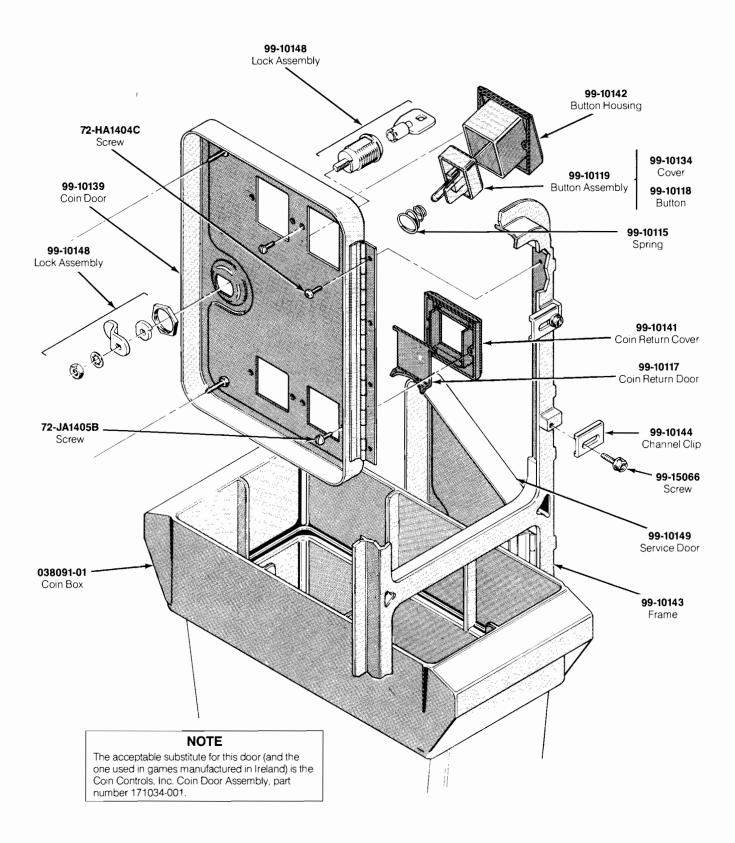


Figure 5-5 Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly, Continued 171027-001 A

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Coin Acceptors, Inc. Coin Door Assembly Parts List

65-441C Coin Switch 70-11-47 Miniature Bayonet Lamp				
/0-11-4/ Milliature bayonet Lamp				
72-9406S #4-40 × ½-Inch Truss-Head Screw				
72-HA1404C #4-40 \times /4-Inch Pan-Head Screw				
72-JA1405B #4-40 × 0.31-Inch Pan-Head Screw				
75-1412S #4-40 \times 34-Inch Pan-Head Screw				
75-994S #4-40 Locknut				
99-10008 Retainer				
99-10042 Coin Switch Assembly for Belgian 5 Fr and U.S. \$.25				
99-10043 Coin Switch Assembly for German 1 DM, Japanese 100 Yen, Swiss 1 Fr				
99-10044 Coin Switch Assembly for German 2 DM, Italian 100 L, U.S. \$1.00				
99-10045 Coin Switch Assembly for Australian \$.20, German 5 DM, British 10 P				
99-10068 Coin Return Chute				
99-10075 Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10043)				
99-10076 Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10042)				
99-10077 Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10044)				
99-10078 Switch Wire (included in coin switch assembly 99-10045)				
99-10080 Lamp Socket				
99-10081 Key Holder				
99-10096 Fastener				
99-10104 Bar Retainer				
99-10105 Bar				
99-10115 Spring				
99-10116 Plastic Coin Return Lever				
99-10117 Steel Coin Return Door				
99-10118 Amber Coin Return Button				
99-10119 Amber Coin Button for U.S. \$.25				
99-10134 Coin Button Cover				
99-10139 Coin Door				
99-10140 Coin Door Inner-Panel Assembly				
99-10141 Die-Cast Coin Return Cover				
99-10142Die-Cast Button Housing				
99-10143 Coin Door Frame				
99-10144 Channel Clip				
99-10147 Harness				
99-10148 Lock Assembly				
99-10149 Service Door				
99-10150 Switch Cover				
99-10151 Left Coin Inlet				
99-10152 Right Coin Inlet				
99-10153 Coin Return Box				
99-10154 Bracket Assembly				
99-15066 Screw for Clamp				
171006-035 Metal Coin Mechanism for U.S. \$.25				

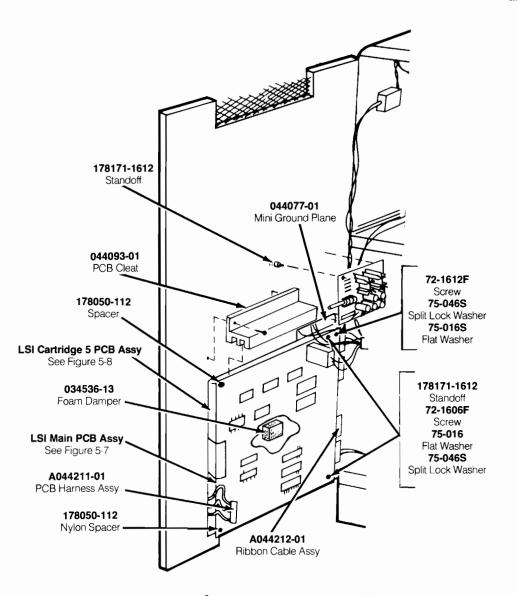


Figure 5-6 PCB Mounting Hardware A044098-01 B

PCB Mounting Hardware Parts List

Part No.	Description
A044211-01	PCB Harness Assembly
A044212-01	Ribbon Cable Assembly
72-1606F	#6-32 × ¾-Inch Cross-Recessed Pan-Head Machine Screw
75-016	#6 Flat Washer
75-0468	#6 Split Lock Washer
034536-13	3 × 3 × ¾-Inch Foam Vibration Damper
044077-01	PCB Mini Ground Plane
044093-01	PCB Cleat, Removable
178050-112	¾-Inch Nylon Dual-Locking Circuit Board Spacer
178171-1612	#6-32 × ¾-Inch Aluminum Threaded-Through ¼-Inch Diameter Standoff

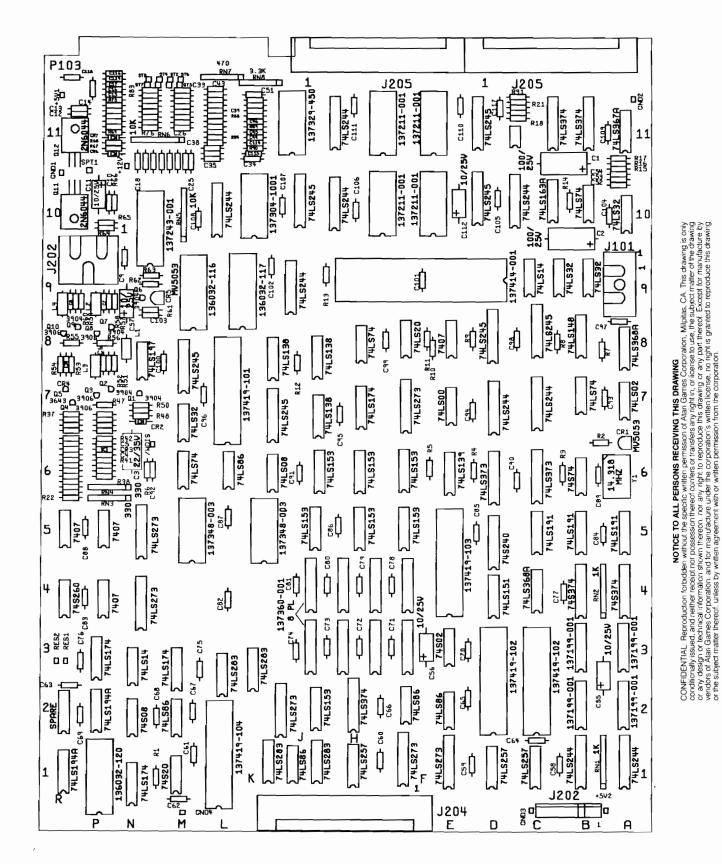


Figure 5-7 Road Blasters/Cockpit LSI Main PCB Assembly A043356-21 D

Desig- nator	Description	Part No.	Desig- nator	Description	Part No.	
	Integrated Circuits		5F, 5H, 5J	IC, 74LS153	37-74LS153	
1/2L	IC, PFHS	137419-104	5K, 5M	IC, AMD2918-10	137348-003	
	JC, 74LS244	37-74LS244	- / -			
1A, 1B			5N	IC, 74LS273	37-74LS273	
1C, ID	IC, 74LS257	37-74LS257	5P, 5R	IC, 7407	37-7407	
IE, 1F	IC, 74LS273	37-74LS273				
			6B	IC, 74874	37-74874	
IH	IC, 74LS257	37-74LS257	6C, 6D	IC, 74LS373	37-74LS373	
1J	IC, 74LS283	137204-001	6E	IC, 74LS139	37-74LS139	
1J/K	IC, 74LS86	37-74LS86	6F, 6H, 6J	IC, 74LS153	37-74LS153	
1K	IC, 74LS283	137204-001	01, 011, 01	10, 7415199	J7-74L31 JJ	
11	10, 7415205	13/204-001	61	16 741 800	27741800	
114	16 7/620	117/22 001	6K	IC, 74LS08	37-74LS08	
1M	IC, 74S20	137423-001	6L	IC, 74LS86	37-74LS86	
1N	IC, 74LS174	37-74LS174	6M	IC, 74LS74	37-74LS74	
1P	IC, 27128-300	136032-120	7/8L	IC, GPC	137419-101	
1 R	IC, 74LS194 A	37-74LS194				
			7 A	IC, 74LS02	37-74LS02	
2/3C, 2/3D	IC, LBC	137419-102	7B	IC, 74LS74	37-74LS74	
2A, 2B	IC, 2149H-3	137199-001	7C, 7D	IC, 74LS244		
					37-74LS244	
2E, 2F	IC, 74LS86	37-74LS86	7E	IC, 74LS00	37-74LS00	
2H	IC, 74LS374	37-74LS374				
			7F	IC, 74LS273	37-74LS273	
2J	IC, 74LS153	37-74LS153	7H	IC, 74LS174	37-74LS174	
2K	IC, 74LS273	37-74LS273	7J	IC, 74LS138	137177-001	
2M	IC, 74LS86	37-74LS86	7K	IC, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
2N	IC, 74S08	37-74\$08	/ 10	10, / 120249	57 7 HEOL 19	
	10, / 1000	57 7 1000	7 M	IC, 74LS32	27 7/1 822	
2P	IC 7418104 A	277416104			37-74LS32	
	IC, 74LS194 A	37-74LS194	8A	IC, 74LS368 A	137168-001	
3A, 3B	IC, 2149H-3	137199-001	8B	IC, 74LS148	137417-002	
3E	IC, 74802	37-74802	8C, 8D	IC, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
3F	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001				
			8E	IC, 7407	37-7407	
3F/H	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	8F	IC, 74LS20	37-74LS20	
3H/J	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	8H	IC, 74LS74	37-74LS74	
3J	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	8J, 8K	IC, 74LS138	137177-001	
3K/L, 3L			oj, or	IC, 74L3130	13/17/2001	
JK/L, JL	IC, 74LS283	137204-001	014	10 7410246	37746245	
234		27 7 (1017)	8M	IC, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
3M	IC, 74LS174	37-74LS174	8N	IC, 74LS197	137240-001	
3N	IC, 74LS14	37-74LS14	9B, 9B/C	IC, 74LS32	37-74LS32	
3P	IC, 74LS174	37-74LS174	9C	IC, 74LS14	37-74LS14	
4/5E	IC, SYNGEN	137419-103				
			9F	1C, 68010	137414-001	
4A, 4B	IC, 74S374	137206-001	9K	IC, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
4C	IC, 74LS368 A	137168-001	9L	IC, 27128-200	136032-117	
4D						
	IC, 74LS151	37-74LS151	9 M	IC, 27128-200	136032-116	
4 F	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001				
1000			10A	1C, 74LS32	37-74LS32	
4F/H	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	10B	IC, 74LS74	37-74LS74	
4H/J	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	10B/C	IC, 74LS163 A	37-74LS163A	
4J	IC, IMS1420L	137360-001	10D	IC, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
4N	IC, 74LS273	37-74LS273				
		2	IOE	IC, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
4P	IC, 7407	37-7407	10E 10F, 10H	IC, HM6116	137211-001	
4R						
	IC, 748260	37-748260	IOJ	IC, 74LS244	37-74LS244	
5A,-5C	IC, 74LS191	37-74LS191	10K	IC, 74LS245	37-74LS245	
5D	IC, 74 S 240	137416-001				

Road Blasters/Cockpit LSI Main PCB Assembly Parts List

Desig-Desig-Description Description nator Part No. nator Part No. 34-2N6044 10L IC, Leta 137304-1001 Q11 Transistor, 2N6044 1C, 74LS244 34-2N6044 10L/M 37-74LS244 Transistor, 2N6044 Q12 10M 1C. ADC0809 137243-001 IC, 74LS367 A 37-74LS367 11A Resistors Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-102 R1 11B, 11B/C 1C, 74LS374 37-74LS374 **R**2 Resistor, 220 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-221 1C, 74LS245 37-74LS245 R3 Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-102 11E 1C, HM6116 11F, 11H R4, R5 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, ¼ W 110000-472 137211-001 11J IC, 74LS244 37-74LS244 11K 1C, X2804 A 137329-450 R6 Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-103 R7-R9 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-472 Capacitors R10, R11 Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-103 Capacitor, 100 µF, 25 V, C1, C2 24-250107 R12 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-472 Electrolytic C3 Capacitor, 22 µF, 35 V, Electrolytic 24-350226 R13-R17 Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-102 C4, C5 Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic 122002-104 Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-103 R18-R20 C6-C8 Capacitor, 470 pF, 50 V, Ceramic 122013-471 R21 Resistor, 470 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-471 Resistor, 27 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-270 R22-R25 C9 Capacitor, 1000 pF, 100 V, 122016-102 Ceramic R26 Resistor, 2.2 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-222 C10 Capacitor, $.1 \,\mu\text{F}$, 50 V, Ceramic 122002-104 R27 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-472 110000-103 Capacitor, 10 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W C11 24-250106 R28 C12-C45 Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic 122002-104 Resistor, 20 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-203 R29 C46-C51 Capacitor, .01 µF, 25 V, Ceramic 122005-103 R30-R33 Resistor, 100 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-101 C52-C54 Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic Resistor, 2.49 K Ω , $\pm 1\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W, 122002-104 R34 110011-252 C55-C57 Capacitor, 10 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic 24-250106 Metal Film C58-C111 Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic 122002-104 Resistor, 4.99 K Ω , $\pm 1\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W, 110011-502 R35 Metal Film C112 Capacitor, 10 µF, 25 V, Electrolytic 24-250106 R36 Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-103 C114, Capacitor, .01 μ F, 25 V, Ceramic 122005-103 R37 C115 Resistor, 20 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-203 C116-Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic 122002-104 R38 Resistor, 2.2 K Ω , \pm 5%, ¹/₄ W 110000-222 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W C119 R39 110000-472 Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-103 R40 Diodes Diode, MV5053, Light-Emitting CR1 38-MV5053 R41 Resistor, 20 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-203 CR2 Diode, 1N4001 31-1N4001 R42, R43 Resistor, 2.2 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-222 CR3, CR4 Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Diode, 1N4148 131033-001 R44 110000-472 Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W CR5 Diode, MV5053, Light-Emitting R45 110000-103 38-MV5053 CR6, CR7 Diode, 1N4001 31-1N4001 R46 Resistor, 20 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-203 Inductors Resistor, 510 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W R47 110000-511 Inductor, 68 µH Resistor, 10 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W L1 141016-008 R48, R49 110000-103 L2-L4 Inductor, 1 µH, 830 mA 141007-001 Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-102 R50 110000-680 Transistors R51 Resistor, 68Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Q1, Q2 Transistor, 2N3904 Resistor, 12 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-120 34-2N3904 R52 Q3, Q4 Transistor, 2N3906 Resistor, 510 Ω, ±5%, ¼ W 110000-511 33-2N3906 R53 Transistor, 2N3643 110000-680 Q5 34-2N3643 R54 Resistor, 68Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 4WQ6, Q7 Transistor, 2N3904 34-2N3904 R55, R56 Resistor, 510 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-511 **O**8 Transistor, 2N3906 33-2N3906 Resistor, 68 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-680 R57 O9 Transistor, 2N3904 34-2N3904 R58 Resistor, 12 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-120 Q10 Transistor, 2N3906 33-2N3906 R59 Resistor, 68Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W 110000-680 R60 110000-120 Resistor, 12Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{14}{W}$

R61

Resistor, 220 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W

110000-221

Road Blasters/Cockpit LSI Main PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

Desig- nator	Description	Part No.	Desig- nator	Description	Part No.
R62, R63	Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-472		Miscellaneous	
R64	Resistor, 150 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-151	J101	Connector, 3-Circuit, Header, .250 Ctr	179069-003
R65	Resistor, 220 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $4 W$	110000-221	J106	Connector, 6-Circuit, Header, .250	179069-006
R66	Resistor, 150 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-151	2	Ctr	
R67-R70 R71, R72	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor, 220 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102 110000-221	J202	Connector, 8-Circuit, Header, .156 Ctr Key 3	179213-008
	, <u> </u>		J204,	Connector, 50-Circuit, 4-Wall,	179186-001
R73-R75	Resistor, 470 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-471	J205A,	Header, Rt 2 Rows	
R76–R83	Resistor, 100Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-101	J205B		
R84-R89	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102	2		
R90	Resistor, 3.3 K Ω , \pm 5%, 4 W	110000-332		Fastener, Nylon, Snap-in	81-4302
			SW1	Switch, 4-Position DIP	66-114P1T
R91	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102	Y1	Crystal Oscillator, 14.318 MHz	144008-001
RN1, RN2	Resistor Network, $1K \times 9\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $1/8$ W, SIP (10-pin)	118010-102		Socket, 24-Pin	79-42C24
RN3, RN4		118007-331		Socket, 28-Pin	79-42C28
	± 5%, ¼ W, SIP (8-pin)			Socket, 40-Pin	79-42C40
RN5, RN6	Resistor Network, $10K \times 9 \Omega$,	118010-103		Socket, 64-Pin	79-42C64
	± 5%, 1/8 W, SIP (10-pin)		+5V1, +5V2,	Test Point	179051-002
RN7	Resistor Network, $470 \times 7 \Omega$,	118007-471	+ 12V,		
	± 5%, 1/8 W, SIP (8-pin)		GND1-4,		
RN8	Resistor Network, $3.3 \text{ K} \times 7 \Omega$, ± 5%, ¼ W, SIP (8-pin)	118007-332	WDIS, RES1, RES2		

Road Blasters/Cockpit LSI Main PCB Assembly Parts List, Continued

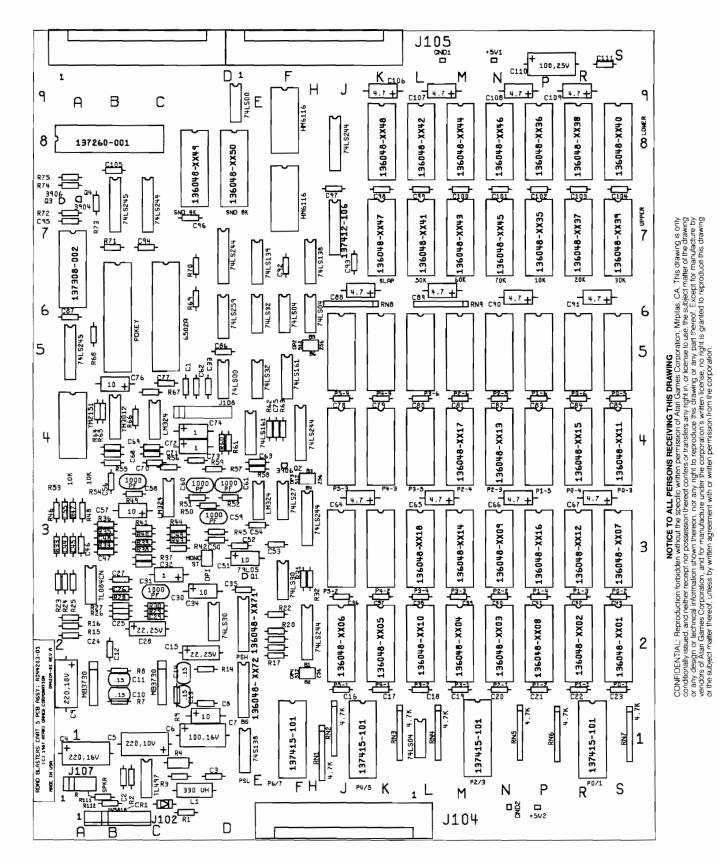


Figure 5-8 Road Blasters/Cockpit Cartridge 5 PCB Assembly A044203-01 B

1/2D 1D 1L 2/3A 2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R 2S	Integrated Circuits IC, PROM, 74S472 IC, 74S138 IC, 74LS04 IC, TL084CN IC, TL084CN IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1172 137174-001 37-74LS04 37-347 37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1105 136048-1104 136048-1104	6E 6F, 6H 7/8B 7/8C/D 7/8C/D 7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M 7N	IC, 74LS32 IC, 74LS04 IC, 74LS245 IC, 74LS245 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27128, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	37-74LS32 37-74LS04 37-74LS245 37-74LS244 136048-1149 136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143 136048-1145
1D 1L 2/3A 2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, PROM, 74S472 IC, 74S138 IC, 74LS04 IC, TL084CN IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	137174-001 37-74LS04 37-347 37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8B 7/8C 7/8C/D 7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, 74LS245 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27128, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	37-74LS245 37-74LS244 136048-1149 136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
1D 1L 2/3A 2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, 74\$138 IC, 74LS04 IC, TL084CN IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	137174-001 37-74LS04 37-347 37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8B 7/8C 7/8C/D 7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, 74LS245 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27128, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	37-74LS245 37-74LS244 136048-1149 136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
1L 2/3A 2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, 74LS04 IC, TL084CN IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	37-74LS04 37-347 37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8C 7/8C/D 7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27128, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	37-74LS244 136048-1149 136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2/3A 2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, TL084CN IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	37-347 37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8C/D 7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27128, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1149 136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2/3F, 2C/D 2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, 74LS30 IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	37-74LS30 136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8D 7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1150 137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2D 2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, PROM, 74S473 IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1171 37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7/8F 7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, HM6116 IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	137211-001 137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2H 2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, 74LS244 IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	37-74LS244 136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7J 7K 7L 7M	IC, SLAPSTIC IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	137412-106 136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2J 2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1106 136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7K 7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136078-1147 136048-1141 136048-1143
2K 2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1105 136048-1110 136048-1104	7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1141 136048-1143
2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1110 136048-1104	7L 7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1141 136048-1143
2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1110 136048-1104	7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1143
2L 2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1110 136048-1104	7M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	
2M 2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1104			126049 1145
2N 2P 2R	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns		,	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	100048-1145
2P 2R		1,0040-1103		10, M 1011, 27270, 200 IM	
2R	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns		7 P	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1135
2R	1C, EPROM, 27512, 500 ns	12/040 1100	7R		136048-1137
	to pupper and and	136048-1108		IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	
25	1C, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1102	7S	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1139
	IC, EPROM, 27256, 300 ns	136048-1101	8B	IC, Interface Adapter, 6522A	137260-001
3/4C, 3/4E	1C, LM324	37-LM324			
			8F	IC, HM6116	137211-001
3/4F	IC, 74LS27	37-74LS27	8J	1C, 74LS244	37-74LS244
3H	IC, 741.S244	37-74LS244	8K	IC, EPROM, 27128, 200 ns	136048-1148
3L	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1118	8L	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1142
3M	1C, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1114			-
011	10, 11 1010, 1, 912, 900 10	1,000101111	8M	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1144
3N	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1109	8N	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1146
3P		136048-1116	8P	1C, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1136
JP	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	150046-1110	8R	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1138
2.0	10 EDDOM 17511 200 m	126040 1113	or	10, 11 KOM, 27200, 200 Hz	1,0040-11,0
3R	1C, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1112	06	10 EDBOM 2725(200	126040 1140
35	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1107	85	IC, EPROM, 27256, 200 ns	136048-1140
(9D	IC, 74LS00	37-74LS00
4/5D	1C, 74LS00	37-74LS00			
4/5E	1C, 74L832	37-74LS32		Capacitors	
4/5F	IC, 74LS161	37-74LS161	C1, C3	Capacitor, .1 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
4A	IC, YM2151	137401-001	C7	Capacitor, 10μ F, 35 V, Electrolytic	24-350106
			C8, C16–	Capacitor, $.1 \mu$ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
4B	IC, YM3012	137402-001	C23, C26		
4C	IC, 1.M324	37-1.M324	C27	Capacitor, .0068 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-682
4E	IC, 74LS161	37-74LS161	021		
4H	1C, 74LS244	37-74LS244	C30	Capacitor, 1000 pF, 100 V, Mica	128002-102
111	10, / 110244	J/-/4L5244	C31	Capacitor, 1 μ F, 50 V, Electrolytic	24-500105
43.4	10 EDDOM 27512 100	11(0/01117			
4M	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1117	C32	Capacitor, .22 μ F, 25 V, Ceramic	122004-224
4N	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1113	C33	Capacitor, .01 µF, 25 V, Ceramic	122005-103
4R	1C, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1115			
4S	IC, EPROM, 27512, 300 ns	136048-1111	C34	Capacitor, 10 μ F, 35 V, Electrolytic	24-350106
			C35-C43	Capacitor, .1 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
5A	1C, 74LS245	37-74LS245	C44	Capacitor, .0027 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-272
6/7A	1C, LPC Voice Synthesis Processor,	137308-002	C45	Capacitor, .0012 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-122
	5220C				
6/7D	IC, 74LS244	37-74LS244	C46	Capacitor, .018 µF, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-183
6/7E	IC, 74LS139	37-74LS139	C47	Capacitor, .22 μ F, 25 V, Ceramic	122004-224
		51 10157	C48, C49	Capacitor, $.1 \mu\text{F}$, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
6/7H	IC, 74LS138	137177-001	C40, C49 C50	Capacitor, .001 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
			0,00	Supactor, 1001 µ1, 50 V, Octamic	122002 102
6B	IC, POKEY	137430-001	C51	Canaditor 10 "E 25 V Electrolytic	34 250106
6C	1C, 6502 A	90-6013	C51	Capacitor, 10 μ F, 35 V, Electrolytic	24-350106
6D	IC, 74LS259	37-74LS259	C52-C54	Capacitor, $.1 \mu$ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104
			C55	Capacitor, .0039 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-392
			C56	Capacitor, .22 μ F, 25 V, Ceramic	122004-224

Road Blasters/Cockpit Cartridge 5 PCB Assembly Parts List

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Road Blasters/Cockpit Cartridge 5 PCB Assembly	
Parts List, Continued	

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Desig- nator	Description	Part No.	Desig- nator	Description	Part No.
C57	Capacitor, 10 μ F, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250106	R48	Resistor, 5.6 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-562
C58-C61	Capacitor, 1000 pF, 100 V, Mica	128002-102	R49	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
C62	Capacitor, .01 µF, 25 V, Ceramic	122005-103		, , , , , , , , , ,	
C63	Capacitor, $.1 \mu$ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104	R50, R51	Resistor, 22 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-223
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		R52	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
C64-C67	Capacitor, 4.7 μ F, 50 V, Electrolytic	24-500475	R55	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102
C68, C69	Capacitor, .0027 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122015-272	R56	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
C70-C72	Capacitor, .1 μ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104		, , , _ , , , , ,	-
C73, C74	Capacitor, 1 μ F, 50 V, Electrolytic	24-500105	R57	Resistor, 39 K Ω , \pm 5%, \vee W	110000-393
			R58	Resistor, 390 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-391
C75	Capacitor, 100 pF, 100 V, Ceramic	122016-101	R59	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
276	Capacitor, 10 μ F, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250106	R60, R61	Resistor, 15 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-153
C77-C87	Capacitor, $.1 \mu F$, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104	- ,	······································	
C88-C91	Capacitor, 4.7 µF, 50 V, Electrolytic	24-500475	R62	Resistor, 3.3 K Ω , \pm 5%, ¹ / ₄ W	110000-332
	1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		R63	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
C92-C105	Capacitor, $.1 \mu$ F, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104	R64, R65	Resistor, 330 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-331
	Capacitor, 4.7 μ F, 50 V, Electrolytic	24-500475	R66	Resistor, 390 Ω , ±5%, ¼ W	110000-391
C110	Capacitor, 100 μ F, 25 V, Electrolytic	24-250107		, _, _, _, _, _, _, , , , , , , ,	
2111	Capacitor, $.1 \mu\text{F}$, 50 V, Ceramic	122002-104	R67	Resistor, 560 Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-561
			R68	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102
	Transistors		R69, R70	Resistor, 330Ω , $\pm 5\%$, ¹ / ₄ W	110000-331
Q1	1C, 79L05	37-79L05	R71	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
Q2, Q3	Transistor, 2N3906	33-2N3906			110000 109
24 24	Transistor, 2N3904	34-2N3904	R72	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102
<u>۲</u>	1141151515151, 2115751	5121(5)(51	R73, R74	Resistor, 3.3 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-332
	Resistors		R75	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103
R17-R20.	Resistor, 4.7 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-472	R111, R112	Resistor, 0 Ω , ¼ W	110005-001
R22	1000001, 1.7 100, <u>1</u> 976, 74 W	110000 1/2	RN1-RN7	Resistor Network, $4.7K \times 9 \Omega$, $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{8}$	118010-472
R23	Resistor, 8.2 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-822		W, S1P (10-pin)	
R24	Resistor, 56 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-563		(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
825	Resistor, 12 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-123		Miscellaneous	
	,,,,,,,,		J102	Connector, 8 Circuit, Header, .156 Ctr	79-58334
R27	Resistor, 43 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-433	5	Key 3	
R28	Resistor, 20 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-203	J104,	Connector, 50 Circuit, 4 Wall Header,	179186-001
30	Resistor, 39 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-393	J105A,	Rt 2 Rows	
31	Resistor, 330Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4} W$	110000-331	J105B		
			J107	Connector, 6 Circuit, Header, 100 Ctr,	179118-006
832	Resistor, 220 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-221	J	Kev 2	
33	Resistor, 3.9 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-392	J108	Connector, 11 Circuit, Header, .100	179118-011
34	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103	<u>j</u>	Ctr, Key 2	
835	Resistor, 20 K Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-203		,, -	
		110000 109	OP1-OP4	Conn, 6 Ckt, Hdr, .100 Ctr	179177-006
36	Resistor, 43 K Ω , \pm 5%, ¹ / ₄ W	110000-433	OP3, OP4	Conn, Rcpt, 2 Ckt	179178-001
837	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102	+5V1,	Test Point	179051-002
138	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103	+ 5V2,		1,,0,,,0,
139	Resistor, 27 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-273	GND1, GDN2		
R40-R42	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-103		Socket, 16-Pin	79-42C16
R43	Resistor, 15 K Ω , ±5%, ¼ W	110000-153		Socket, 20-Pin	79-42C20
844	Resistor, 1 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-102		Socket, 24-Pin	79-42C24
845	Resistor, 27 K Ω , \pm 5%, 4 W	110000-273		Socket, 28-Pin	79-42C28
				Socket, 40-Pin	79-42C40
R4 6	Resistor, 1.8 K Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W	110000-182			
847	Resistor, 10 K Ω , \pm 5%, 4 W	110000-102			

Road Blasters

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Illustrated Parts Lists

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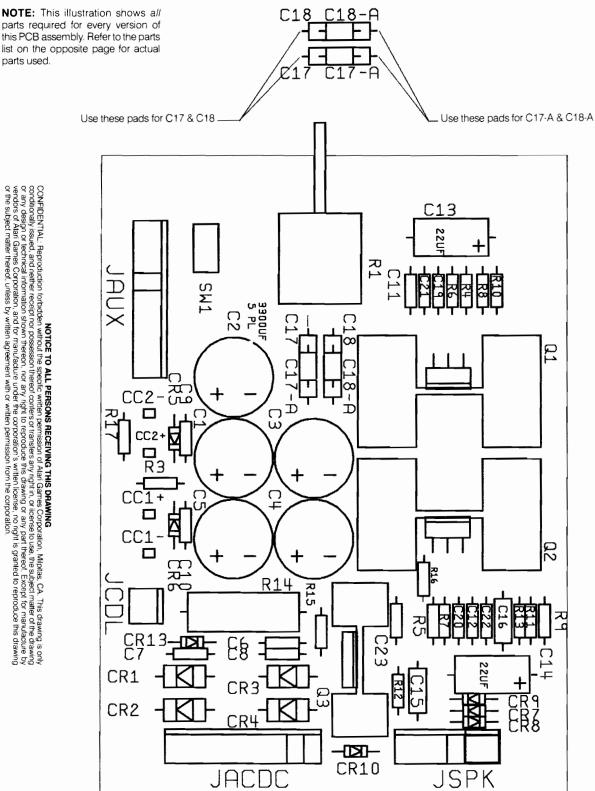


Figure 5-9 Audio II PCB Assembly A043661-03 and -05 D

Audio II PCB Assembly A0403661-03 D Parts List

Desig- nator	Description	Part No.
	Capacitors	
C1, C3	$3300 \mu\text{F}, 25 \text{V}$ Radial Electrolytic	123003-338
01,00	Capacitor	129009 990
C7–C10.	$.1 \mu\text{F}$, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
C12	in party so it containe subjection	
C14	22 μ F, 35 V Electrolytic Capacitor	24-350226
C16	$.22 \mu\text{F}, 25 \text{V}$ Ceramic Capacitor	122006-224
C17A, C18A	.22 µF, 25 V Ceramic Capacitor	122006-224
C20	.001 µF, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-102
C22	.1 µF, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Diodes	
CR1-CR4	Type-1N5401 Diode	31-1N5401
CR5-CR8	Type-1N4001 Diode	31-1N4001
	Connectors	
JACDC	Key 6, 9 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header	179213-009
	Connector	
JAUX	Key 6, 9 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header	179213-009
	Connector	
JCDL	2 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-002
JSPK	2 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-002
D2	Resistors	110000 100
R3	$10 \Omega, \pm 5\%, 4$ W Resistor	110000-100
R5	22 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\#$ W Resistor	110000-223
R7	3.3 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-332
R11	1 k Ω , ± 5%, ¼ W Resistor	110000-102
D1 2	10 . 5% 14 W Basistan	110000 010
R13 R16	1 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-010
R10 R17	22 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-223
K1/	0Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110005-001
	Miscellaneous	
	Type-TDA-2030 Heat Sink	178190-032
	#6-32 × ³ / ₄ -Inch Cross-Recessed	72-16065
	Pan-Head Screw	/2-10003
	#6-32 Nut/Washer Assembly	75-99516
	"O De rud washer hosembry	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Thermal Compound	78-16001
	Hot Melt Adhesive	106006-001
	Test Point	179051-001

Audio II PCB Assembly A043661-05 D Parts List

Desig- nator	Description	Part No.
	Capacitors	
C1-C4	3300 μ F, 25 V Radial Electrolytic Capacitor	123003-338
C7-C12	$.1 \mu\text{F}$, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
C13, C14	22 µF, 35 V Electrolytic Capacitor	24-350226
C15-C18	.22 µF, 25 V Ceramic Capacitor	122006-224
C19, C20	.001 µF, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-102
C21, C22	.1 µF, 50 V Ceramic Capacitor	122002-104
	Diodes	
CR1-CR4	Type-1N5401 Diode	31-1N5401
CR5-CR10	Type-1N4001 Diode	31-1N4001
	Connectors	
JACDC	Key 6, 9 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-009
JAUX	Key 6, 9 Ckt., .156-1nch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-009
JCDL	2 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-002
JSPK	Key 3, 6 Ckt., .156-Inch Ctr. Header Connector	179213-006
	Integrated Circuits	
Q1, Q2	Type-TDA-2030 Amplifier	137301-001
	Resistors	
R1	10 k Ω , Dual Horizontal Pot Resistor	119011-103
R3	10Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-100
R4-R7	22 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-223
R8 , R 9	10 k Ω , \pm 5%, $\%$ W Resistor	110000-103
R10-R11	1 k Ω , ±5%, ¼ W Resistor	110000-102
R12, R13	1Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110000-010
R17	0Ω , $\pm 5\%$, $\frac{1}{4}$ W Resistor	110005-001
	Miscellaneous	
SW1	SPDT Miniature Slide Self-Test Switch	69-004
	Type-TDA-2030 Heat Sink	178190-032
	#6-32 × 3/8-Inch Cross-Recessed	72-16068
	Pan-Head Screw	
	#6-32 Nut/Washer Assembly	75-99516
	Thermal Compound	78-16001
	Hot Melt Adhesive	106006-001
	Test Point	179051-001

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Road Blasters[®]

Coin Information and Game Statistics

Date: _

Aux Coins	 Not used in Road Blasters game
Left Coins	 Number of coins deposited in left coin mechanism
Right Coins	 Number of coins deposited in right coin mechanism
1 Plyr Games	 Number of 1-player games
Mins Played	 Total time, in minutes, of all games played
Mins Pwr Up	 Total time, in minutes, that the game has been turned on
Aux Cntr 1	 Highest rally achieved
Aux Cntr 2	 Total number of times add-a-coin used
Aux Cntr 3	 Number of games without a new high-score entry
Error Count	 Number of EEPROM errors
Avg. Game Time	 Average game time in seconds (including add-a-coin contin-
	uation games)

Histogram Information

Length of	Number of Games That Reached Level					
Game in Seconds	1	2	3	4	5	
0-59						
60-89						
90-119					_	
120-149	·					
150-179						
180-209						
210-239						
240-269						
270-299						
300-329						
330–359						
360-389						
390-419						
420-449						
450-479					_	
480-509						
510-539						
540 & up						

Histogram Levels 1-3:

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Number of games that started at the Rookie, Veteran, or Expert level, respectively. These are only games that were played without using the game continuation feature.

Histogram Level 4:

Number of games that ended on the original level for add-a-coin game continuation.

Histogram Level 5:

Number of games that ended on a higher level after a game continuation.

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Seller warrants that its printed-circuit boards and parts thereon are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of ninety (90) days from date of shipment. Seller warrants that its video displays and laser video disc players (in games supplied with displays and video-disc players) are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of thirty (30) days from date of shipment. None of the Seller's other products or parts thereof are warranted.

If the products described in this manual fail to conform to this warranty, Seller's sole liability shall be, at its option, to repair, replace, or credit Buyer's account for such products which are returned to Seller during said warranty period, provided:

- (a) Seller is promptly notified in writing upon discovery by Buyer that said products are defective;
- (b) Such products are returned prepaid to Seller's plant; and
- (c) Seller's examination of said products discloses to Seller's satisfaction that such alleged defects existed and were not caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alteration, improper repair, installation, or improper testing.

In no event shall Seller be liable for loss of profits, loss of use, incidental or consequential damages.

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